

Questions of 2021 Unification Quiz Program for High School Students

2021. 4.



The National Unification Advisory Council

Part 1_Peace and Unification

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NO	문항
1. Our Unification Policies and Approaches	
1	<p>Write the places described below. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ It is located about 7km south of the demarcation line. ○ It is a place often visited by separated families from the North missing their families across the line. ○ It is derived from the name of the pavilion located along the Imjin River in Munsan-eup, Paju-si, Gyeonggi-do. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Imjingak</p> <p>[Explanation] Imjingak is a place filled with sorrow from the Korean War that broke out on June 25, 1950 and the subsequent national confrontation. There are various historical monuments such as the Battle of the Imjin River Monument and the Monument to US Forces in the Korean War. A train that used to run to Sinuiju at the northern tip of the Korean peninsula before the national division is stopped and displayed here. Mangbaedan here is a place visited by displaced people who left their parents and ancestors in the North during the War to perform rituals in honor of them every year on New Year's Day and Chuseok.</p>
2	<p>Which is NOT contained in the “June 15th South-North Joint Declaration” agreed between South Korean President Kim Dae-jung and North Korean leader Kim Jong-il on June 15, 2000? (medium)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Independent resolution of the unification issue ② Prompt resolution of the problem of separated families ③ Promise of the unification plan based on one country, one system ④ Promotion of inter-Korean exchanges such as economic cooperation <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>[Explanation] The “June 15th South-North Joint Declaration” includes agreement on the following five items: (1) Independent resolution of the unification question, (2) Recognition of commonality in the South’s concept of a union and the North’s formula for a loose form of confederation, (3) Prompt resolution of humanitarian issues such as separated family members and relatives, (4) Stimulation of inter-Korean exchanges including economic cooperation, and (5) Holding a dialogue between relevant authorities.</p>
3	<p>The following is a description of the efforts to establish peace on the Korean Peninsula. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>The Panmunjom Declaration in 2018 and the Military Agreement for the Implementation of the Historic Panmunjom Declaration signed on September 19th (hereinafter referred to as the September 19 Military Agreement) contain contents that are aimed at alleviating arms race and preventing accidental clashes. First, in accordance with the Panmunjom Declaration, the two Koreas agreed to stop all hostile acts against the other party including loudspeaker broadcasts and leaflet spreading.</p> </div>

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	<p>The two sides also agreed to create the West Sea Peace Zone to prevent accidental military clashes there. Subsequently, the “September 19 Inter-Korean Military Agreement” contains consensus matters specifying the “Panmunjeom Declaration” in five areas: ① Cease all hostilities ② Transform the DMZ into a peace zone, ③ Create a peace zone in the West Sea, ④ Take military security measures to promote exchanges, cooperation and contact, ⑤ Take measures to build military confidence.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] The South and the North have strengthened their military capabilities in the face of confrontation along the military demarcation line, with North Korea's nuclear capabilities getting increasingly sophisticated over the years. In a situation where the two Koreas are in sharp military confrontation, there is also the possibility of a crisis due to accidental situations such as fishing boat crossings or drifting not to mention military exercises. Therefore, it is necessary to control armaments, prevent accidental collisions, and strengthen crisis management capabilities on both sides. “The Panmunjom Declaration” in 2018 and “the September 19 Military Agreement” signed on September 19 of the same year call for the alleviation of arms race and the prevention of accidental conflicts. Immediately after “the September 19 Military Agreement,” the two Koreas cooperated to implement the agreement beginning with the implementation of measures to stop mutual hostilities on the ground, at sea, and in the air and the suspension of unmanned aerial vehicle reconnaissance and surveillance activities on the part of the North.</p>
4	<p>The Korean constitution contains provisions on peace and reunification. Which of the following is not included in the Constitution? (medium)</p> <p>① The ROK aims for peaceful unification. ② The constitution presents the purpose and basic principles of unification education. ③ The ROK strives to maintain international peace. ④ The President must pledge to endeavor for peaceful unification.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>[Explanation] The Constitution of the Republic of Korea includes “seeking unification and formulating and carrying out a policy of peaceful unification based on the basic free and democratic order,” (Article 4), “making endeavor to maintain international peace and renouncement of aggressive wars” (Article 5) and “including in the President’s oath of office commitment to ‘the peaceful unification of the homeland (Article 69). The purpose and basic principles of unification education are stipulated in the “Unification Education Support Act.”</p>
5	<p>다 The following are some of the contents of a contribution sent by President Moon Jae-in to a German daily newspaper ahead of the 2nd anniversary of his inauguration in 2019. Write the correct term in the parenthesis. (medium)</p>

NO	문항
	<p>“Now, the problems of the two Koreas should not be exploited by ideology and politics; They should be expanded to the life and survival of ordinary people. South and North Korea are () to live together. Even in situations where people cannot come and go, diseases and pests occur, and forest fires break out. Indivisible borders on sea can threaten fishing rights or change the fate of fishermen by accidental border crossings. It is the lasting peace that puts all of this back to normal. It is a peace for the livelihood of ordinary people beyond a political and diplomatic peace.”(May 5, 2019)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] a community of life</p> <p>[Explanation] President Moon Jae-in published a contribution to the German daily newspaper Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung on the subject of “The Greatness of the Ordinary – Reflecting on the New World Order” ahead of the 2nd anniversary of his inauguration on May 7, 2019. In the article, he suggested the concept of an “inter-Korean community of life,” emphasizing that “The South and North Korea are not only facing borders, but they are also bound to pursue co-existence.” The concept of the “inter-Korean community of life” was reiterated in President Moon’s 2020 New Year’s address.</p>
6	<p>President Moon Jae-in has proposed five principles for realizing a peace regime: ① Korea-led resolution of the Korean Peninsula issues, ② Maintaining peace through strong security, ③ Developing inter-Korean relations based on mutual respect, ④ Focusing on communication and agreement with people, and ⑤ Promotion of policies through cooperation with the international community. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p>
7	<p>The Constitution of the ROK stipulates that "The Republic of Korea shall seek unification and shall formulate and carry out a policy of peaceful unification based on the basic free and democratic order." Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] Article 4 of the Constitution stipulates that "The Republic of Korea shall seek unification and shall formulate and carry out a policy of peaceful unification based on the basic free and democratic order."</p>
8	<p>The “Inter-Korean Basic Agreement” concluded in 1991 contains contents such as that the South and the North should recognize and respect the other party’s system, not interfere with the other party’s internal problems, and do not criticize or slander the other party. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] In the “Inter-Korean Basic Agreement” (officially the Agreement on Reconciliation, Non-Aggression, and Exchanges and Cooperation between South and North Korea), South and North Korea pledged to make efforts for inter-Korean reconciliation, not to undertake armed aggression against each other, and resolve differences of views and disputes peacefully through dialogue and negotiations.</p>
9	<p>Which of the following statements about the Moon Jae-in administration’s policy on the Korean</p>

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	<p>Peninsula is wrong? (medium)</p> <p>① It began through the “Korean Peninsula Peace Process” immediately after the Moon Jae-in administration was launched in 2017,</p> <p>② In 2018, based on the peace process on the Korean peninsula, it held three inter-Korean summits and produced various agreements for peace on the Korean peninsula, such as “the Panmunjom Declaration” and “the September Pyongyang Joint Declaration.”</p> <p>③ In 2019, it put forth a vision for peace on the Korean Peninsula for the next 100 years in the “new Korean peninsula regime.”</p> <p>④ In 2020, it made the “Declaration of the End of War” to the Korean Peninsula and the world and continued efforts for peace on the Korean Peninsula.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] The Moon Jae-in administration has made more active and comprehensive efforts for peace on the Korean Peninsula. First, the in administration's efforts for peace on the Korean Peninsula began immediately after its inauguration in 2017 through the “Korean Peninsula Peace Process.” Second, in 2018, the administration held three inter-Korean summits based on the peace process, drawing various agreements for peace on the peninsula such as “the Panmunjom Declaration” and “the Pyongyang Joint Declaration of September 2018.” Third, in 2019, the administration proposed “the New Korean Peninsula Regime” in a bid to present a vision for peace on the Korean Peninsula for the next 100 years. Fourth, it has since worked tirelessly to promote peace on the Korean Peninsula by emphasizing the importance of the “Declaration of an End to the Korean War” at home and abroad.</p>
10	<p>Which of the following is NOT characteristic of “the Unification Plan of the Ethnic Community of Korea,” our country’s official unification plan? (medium)</p> <p>① It is a bipartisan unification plan prepared by mutual agreement between opposing parties and a resolution of the National Assembly.</p> <p>② It pursues unification in a gradual, phased, and functionalist approach.</p> <p>③ It has repeatedly changed its principle and direction according to the change of situation at home and abroad.</p> <p>④ It proposes a three-step plan for the unification of the ethnic community of Korea.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 “The Unification Plan of the Ethnic Community of Korea” was prepared in 1989 by the Roh Tae-woo administration based on national consensus and was partially complemented in 1994 by the civilian government. The official unification plan of the Korean government has maintained its principle of “independence, democracy, and peace” being complemented according to the change of the times and environment in the succeeding governments including the current Moon Jae-in administration. It proposes a three-step plan for unification that starts with reconciliation and cooperation followed by South-North confederation before realizing the final stage of unification.</p>
11	<p>The following is the specific content of the New Economy Initiative of the Korean peninsula. Write O</p>

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	<p>if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>In border areas, the aim is to ease political and military tension and establish peace by developing tourist districts using the ecological and environmental characteristics of DMZ or demilitarized zone, which will also be turned into industrial complexes, and the mouth of Han River will be an area of joint management and use by South and North Korea.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 The New Economy Initiative is composed of the plan for the 3 zones: the East Sea Zone where multilateral cooperation will be conducted in the energy and resources area; the West Sea Zone, which will focus on transportation, logistics, and industries; and the Border Area where tourist districts will be developed using the ecological and environmental characteristics of the DMZ as well as the plan to build the “One Market” of South and North Korea.</p>
12	<p>Which of the following is NOT correct as an explanation of the three major economic belts for the realization of a New Economic Community on the Korean Peninsula by the Moon Jae-in administration? (low)</p> <p>① The East Sea Belt—the energy & resources belt linking Wonsan & Hamhung, Tanchon and Rason to Russia</p> <p>② The North Belt—the transportation and energy belt linking Wonsan & Rason to China, Russia and Mongolia</p> <p>③ The West Coast Belt—the transportation, logistics and industrial belt linking the Seoul metropolitan area to Gaesung & Haeju, Pyongyang & Nampo, Sinuiju and China</p> <p>④ The DMZ belt—the environment & tourism belt linking the DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) ecology, peace and security zone and the special unification and economic development zone</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>【Explanation】 The three economic belts include the energy and resources belt along the East Sea, the transportation, logistics and industrial belt along the West Sea, and the environment and tourism belt at the DMZ. They are aimed to build a new economic order in the region by expanding economic cooperation beyond the Korean Peninsula to Russia along the East Sea and China along the West Sea so that our economy can expand into the entire world through the continent north of the peninsula.</p>
13	<p>South and North Korea have made joint entrances at the opening ceremonies of twelve international sporting events so far. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 South and North Korea have made joint entrances at a total of twelve international sporting events, including the Sydney 2000 Olympic Games, the 2002 Busan Asian Games, the 2003 Asian Winter Games in Aomori, the 2003 Summer Universiade in Daegu, the 2004 Athens Olympic Games, the 2005 East Asian Games in Macau, the Turin 2006 Winter Olympic Games, the 2006 Doha Asian Games, the 2007 Asian Winter Games in Changchun, and the 2018 PyeongChang Winter Olympic Games, 2018 Jakarta-Palembang Asian Games.</p>

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14	<p>At the second inter-Korean summit talks held in 2007, both parties agreed to build another special economic zone in North Korea, in addition to Gaesung Industrial Complex. North Korea also agreed to make a concession regarding its western frontline to promote the plan. Which of the following is its location? (medium)</p> <p>① Pyongyang ② Haeju ③ Sinuiju ④ Chongjin</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>【Explanation】 According to Article 5 of the October 4th Declaration, South and North Korea agreed to establish a ‘West Sea Special Zone of Peace and Cooperation’ where the two sides could actively strive to establish a joint fishing zone and a peaceful waterway zone; create a special economic zone; jointly use the port of Haeju; guarantee the sailing of private vessels on the Haeju route; and promote the joint utilization of the downstream area of the Han River.</p>
15	<p>Which of the following is NOT a unification principle in South Korea’s “Unification Plan of the Ethnic Community of Korea”? (medium)</p> <p>① Equality ② Democracy ③ Peace ④ Self-reliance</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 “The Unification Plan of the Ethnic Community of Korea” is based on the 3 principles of self-reliance, peace, and democracy. “Self-reliance” means that unification should be done through the self-reliance of our nation and through mutual consultation between the parties concerned from South and North Korea. “Peace” means that unification should be done peacefully rather than through war or by overthrowing the government. “Democracy” means that unification should be done through democratic integration based on the liberty and rights of all the members of the nation.</p>
16	<p>In 1972, South and North Korea agreed on the unification principles of ‘self-reliance, peace and great national unity’ in the July 4th South and North Korea Joint Statement. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 The core of the July 4th South and North Korea Joint Statement are the principles of ‘self-reliance, peace and great national unity,’ which means that the two Koreas must strive to achieve great national unity in a self-reliant way, without relying on foreign powers or foreign interference, and in a peaceful way without the use of armed force, transcending all differences in terms of thought, ideology, or system.</p>
17	<p>The following article is an explanation of the psychological and cultural problems caused by the division of the Korean Peninsula. Write a term that is suitable in the parentheses. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Hostile perceptions are deeply rooted between the two Koreas due to the war and division. This hostile perception has served as an opportunity to form a () culture in both South and North</p> </div>

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	<p>Korea. The () culture refers to an undemocratic way of life in which military values such as commander-centric mentality, vertical decision-making, and a patriarchal, hierarchical order dominate the whole society and violate human dignity.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Military/Militaristic</p> <p>[Explanation] In addition to the risk of military conflict, the long-term national division has fostered various undemocratic consciousness and practices, which oppose the other and suppress the diversity and openness of society, as well as the militaristic culture, dichotomous thinking, and discrimination against the victims of the division in both of the two divided societies. Hostile perceptions persist between the two Koreas due to war and division, leading to opportunities for the formation of a military culture in both the South and the North. South Korea was ruled by military dictatorship for a long time while North Korea has been ruled as a sort of garrison state in the name of military first politics. Human rights have been violated in both South and North Korea as they control their people through a military culture in the name of rivalry between capitalism and communism. A military culture refers to an undemocratic way of life in which military values such as commander-centric mentality, vertical decision-making, and a patriarchal, hierarchical order dominate the whole society and violate human dignity. The culture has served as grounds for all types of cultural violence used to justify the structural and physical violence created by the division. The culture has also degenerated people into the object of daily surveillance. Sometimes it has been used as a tool to rationalize the oppression of those who oppose it.</p>
18	<p>The current constitution of South Korea states that “The President of the Republic of Korea shall be faithful to the duty of achieving the peaceful unification of the homeland.” Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] The above statement is the first statement to appear in Clause 3, Article 43 of the Yushin Constitution in 1972. It stipulates the President's duty to pursue the peaceful unification of the divided country. Such duty of the President has been maintained in the constitution of the Republic of Korea to date (Clause 3, Article 66).</p>
19	<p>The following is an explanation of the “Peace Economy” strategy to end the continued instability of the Korean peninsula due to the division of South and North Korea and overcome the problems that have limited the potential for economic growth. Fill in the parentheses with a single word. (medium)</p> <p>() is the fundamental basis for economic cooperation. Inter-Korean economic cooperation can further promote () through mutual prosperity.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] peace</p> <p>[Explanation] ”Peace Economy” is the vision for ultimately constructing a win-win prosperous community by creating a virtuous cycle through the cooperation of South Korea, North Korea, and</p>

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20	<p>international society, with peace leading to economic cooperation and economic cooperation solidifying peace.</p> <p>What is not correct as the main content of the “Special Declaration for National Self-Esteem, Unification and Prosperity (July 7 Declaration)”? (medium)</p> <p>① Confirmation of life/death and address, exchange of correspondence, and active arrangement of mutual visits for separated families</p> <p>② Mutual exchange between South and North Koreans and free visits by North and South Koreans abroad</p> <p>③ Improving relations between North Korea and the United States and Japan, and between South Korea and the Soviet Union (Russia) and China</p> <p>④ Recognition of the commonality between the South's union proposal and the North's proposal for a low-level confederation system</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] It was “June 15th South-North Joint Declaration” agreed by the Kim Dae-jung administration at the 2000 Inter-Korean Summit that recognized the commonality between the South's union proposal and the North's proposal for a low-level confederation system.</p>
21	<p>Which of the following statements is the most appropriate term to fill the blank space below? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>When a serious flood damaged a part of South Korea in 1984, North Korea suggested sending aid relief to South Korea. The Chun Doo-hwan government of South Korea accepted it in a bid to ease tensions between the two Koreas and, the following year, in September 1985, .</p> </div> <p>① a meeting of separated families was held.</p> <p>② visits to Geumgangsan Mountain by sea started.</p> <p>③ Red Cross talks between the South and North were held for the first time.</p> <p>④ the July 4 Joint Declaration between the South and North was announced.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 Following North Korea's provision of relief aid in 1984 during Chun Doo-hwan's regime, a meeting of separated families and an exchange of arts performance troupes were held in 1985.</p>
22	<p>Which of the following is NOT relevant to the consistent key note of our unification policies and plans, including the Unification Plan of the Ethnic Community of Korea? (medium)</p> <p>① A de facto unification in which South and North Korea exist under a single system, a single constitution, and two governments.</p> <p>② Peaceful unification achieved through democratic procedures.</p> <p>③ Construction of the ethnic community of Korea through expanded reconciliation, exchange and cooperation, and gradual unification based on the achievement thereof.</p> <p>④ A type of unification that guarantees every Korean citizen's freedom and human rights along with national prosperity.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p>

NO	문항
	<p>【Explanation】 What is relevant to the consistent keynote present in our unification policies and plans, including the Unification Plan of the Ethnic Community of Korea, is the achievement of peaceful unification through democratic procedures, construction of the ethnic community of Korea through expanded reconciliation, exchange and cooperation, and gradual unification based on the achievement thereof, and a type of unification that guarantees every Korean citizen's freedom and human rights along with national prosperity</p>
23	<p>Which of the following incorrectly states the basis of the “Unification Plan of the Ethnic Community of Korea?” (low)</p> <p>① Peaceful unification by democratic procedures. ② Unification that guarantees the freedom, human rights and prosperity of the people. ③ A South and North confederation composed of one people and two systems that admits different systems between the two Koreas. ④ Construction of the Ethnic Community of Korea through the expansion of reconciliation, exchange and cooperation, and phased unification based on those achievements.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 The unification policy of South Korea is the “Unification Plan of the Ethnic Community of Korea.”It pursues the progressive and phased unification of one people, one country, one system and one government via the stages of reconciliation and confederation between the two Koreas.</p>
24	<p>Please rewrite the following three stages of national unification in the order proposed in the “Unification Plan of the Ethnic Community of Korea”. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>a. South and North Confederation b. Reconciliation and Cooperation c. Unified State of One People, One State, One System, and One Government</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] b-a-c</p> <p>【Explanation】 The “Unification Plan of the Ethnic Community of Korea” suggests a three-stage unification process with the aim of building one ethnic community with the keynote promoting a progressive and phased unification of the two Koreas. It supports the creation of a unified country of one people, one state, one system, and one government by proceeding through the stages of reconciliation, cooperation, and confederation.</p>
25	<p>The following is an explanation of the vision of “the Moon Jae-in administration’s Korean Peninsula policy”. Write the words that best fit OOOO and □□□□ in the explanation. (High)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In the unstable structure of national division of the Korean peninsula, “OOOO” is a matter of survival of our people and national interest and is the most urgent task and vision to achieve. • South and North Korea aim to make the Korean peninsula prosperous by forming mutually beneficial relations through cooperation. The “□□□□” we are pursuing is not limited to inter-Korean relations but is a vision expanded to neighboring countries beyond the Korean peninsula. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Peaceful coexistence, mutual prosperity</p>

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	<p>【Explanation】”The Moon Jae-in administration’s Korean Peninsula policy” is composed of the strategic vision of “peaceful coexistence” and “mutual prosperity” aimed at making a new Korean peninsula for the mutual prosperity of South and North Korea -- by solving the nuclear issue of North Korea and having peace settle permanently on the Korean peninsula -- and the 3 major policy objectives, 4 main strategies, and 5 principles established for the achievement of the policy.</p>
26	<p>he following are the Moon Jae-in administration’s efforts to establish a peace regime. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The armistice declaration can be said to be part of an effort for denuclearization and lasting peace on the Korean Peninsula. It is the declaration of the armistice on the Korean peninsula that can confirm each other's commitment to peace between the two Koreas and the United States. The declaration is intended to lead to the denuclearization and permanent peace of the Korean Peninsula. The armistice declaration was also what was agreed upon in the 2018 “Panmunjom Declaration” and a joint statement at the US-North Korea Summit in Singapore. In short, the armistice system on the Korean peninsula is an unstable system, and the armistice declaration is an expression of an effort to transform into a solid peace system.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>[Explanation] On September 23, 2020, President Moon Jae-in emphasized in his keynote speech (video) at the 75th United Nations General Assembly that "the war on the Korean Peninsula must now end completely and for good." He went on to ask for cooperation, saying, "I hope the UN and the international community will also join forces to advance into the era of reconciliation and prosperity through the declaration of an end to the war." He emphasized the importance of the end of the war, saying, "The declaration of an end to the war will be the door to a permanent peace regime along with denuclearization on the Korean Peninsula.” The Moon Jae-in administration's efforts to declare an end to the war in 2020 can be said to be part of an effort for denuclearization and lasting peace on the Korean Peninsula. In short, the ongoing armistice system on the Korean peninsula is an unstable system, and the administration expressed its commitment to shifting it into a robust peace regime.</p>
27	<p>What is the title of the unification plan proposed by North Korea in its 6th Labor Party Convention in 1980? (high)</p> <p>[Answer] Plan to Establish the Confederal Republic of Koryo (Koryo Democratic Confederation System Unification Plan)</p> <p>【Explanation】North Korea adhered to unification by force based on the theory of a democratic base during the 1950s, advocated the South-North confederation system during the 1960s, raised the Koryo Confederation System during the 1970s, and then proposed the Plan to Establish the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo in 1980 by rearranging the existing unification plans and suggestions.</p>
28	<p>The following is a description of the keynote that our government’s unification policy has maintained. Write the words that best fit OOO and □□□ in the description. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The consistent keynote of our unification policy can be summarized as OOO reunification</p> </div>

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	<p>through □□□procedures, freedom of all members of the nation, and unification in which human rights and national prosperity are guaranteed.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] peaceful, democratic</p> <p>【Explanation】 The government’s unification policy has changed according to the situation of the times, the demands of the people and the policy will of the government. However, it has consistently maintained the principles of peaceful unification based on democratic procedures and promotion of unification in which the freedom and human rights of every one of the Korean people are guaranteed along with the national prosperity.</p>
29	<p>Which of the following is NOT a correct explanation of the principles of the Moon Jae-in administration regarding its promotion of Korean Peninsula policies? (medium)</p> <p>① It intends to develop policies and complete them through open communication and participation by the people.</p> <p>② It intends to closely cooperate with the international community in the process of finding solutions to the North Korea nuclear issue and bringing stability to the Korean Peninsula.</p> <p>③ It intends to deter North Korean provocations and bring a stable peace to the Korean Peninsula with its own defense capabilities while shunning the Korea-US alliance.</p> <p>④ It intends to make proactive efforts to bring about reconciliation and cooperation between the two Koreas and achieve peace and prosperity on the Korean Peninsula as a party directly involved in Korean Peninsula issues.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Moon Jae-in administration’s Korean Peninsula policies are based on the following five principles: resolution of the Korean Peninsula issue under ‘our initiative’; maintenance of peace through ‘strong national security’; development of inter-Korean relations on the basis of ‘mutual respect’; emphasis on communication with people and consensual decision-making; and promotion of its policies through international cooperation. The maintenance of peace through ‘strong national security’ means that South Korea will deter North Korean provocations and maintain peace on the Korean Peninsula on the basis of its defense capabilities and the Korea-US alliance.</p>
30	<p>The Chun Doo-hwan administration of South Korea accomplished a reunion of separated families in North and South Korea for the first time in the name of the Home Town Visit program. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 In September 1985, the Home Town Visit group of separated families of South Korea and North Korea paid a visit to Seoul and Pyongyang, respectively, for the first time.</p>
31	<p>Please write the correct name of the democratization movement in the blank space (a). (medium)</p>

NO	문항
	<p>The mission of achieving the peaceful unification of Korea was affirmed in the new constitution enacted thanks to the efforts of (a), which occurred in South Korea in 1987, and specified the establishment of a peaceful unification policy based on a free democratic order.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] June Democratic Protests</p> <p>【Explanation】 The articles for peaceful unification were incorporated with the Yushin Constitution for the first time in 1972, and the new constitution was amended as a result of the Democracy Protests of June 1987, with the article concerning peaceful unification presented in clearer, more peace-oriented language (Article 4, The Republic of Korea shall seek unification and shall formulate and execute a policy of peaceful unification based on the principles of freedom and democracy).</p>
2. Inter-Korean Relations of Conflict and Cooperation	
1	<p>On two occasions in June and October 1998, Chung Ju-yong, the late honorary chairman of Hyundai Group and a separated family members himself from Tongcheon-gun, Kangwon Province in North Korea, visited his hometown with 1001 livestock crossing the military demarcation line through Panmunjeom, a symbol of the division of the South and North Korea. Write the name of the livestock that Chairman Chung brought to the North with him. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] cows</p> <p>[Explanation] Chung Ju-yong's cattle crossing into North Korea gave hope that the inter-Korean relations would be improved and economic cooperation and exchanges at the private level would increase in a difficult economic situation right after the financial crisis at the time, which led to the launch of the Mt Geumgang tourism project and the Gaesung Industrial Complex in the North.</p>
2	<p>The following are an explanation of the efforts to establish peace on the Korean Peninsula. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Inter-Korean exchanges in the field of sports began with the 1990 Inter-Korean Unification Football Competition held in Pyongyang and Seoul. The two Koreas participated in the 1991 World Table Tennis Championships and World Youth Football Championships as a single team. At the opening ceremony of the 2000 Sydney Olympics, the opening and closing ceremonies of the 2004 Athens Olympics and the 2007 Changchun Winter Asian Games, athletes from the two Koreas marched under a united flag and impressed the global audience. Notably in the 2018 Winter Olympics held in Pyeongchang, Gangwon-do, the first South-North single team participated in the Olympics in a sport, contributing to delivering a message of "peace" not only to the Korean peninsula, but also to the world.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>[Explanation] Inter-Korean exchanges in the field of sports have been an important peace-setting effort for the two Koreas to confirm one national identity and cultivate aspirations for peace on the Korean Peninsula. Inter-Korean exchanges in the field of sports began with the 1990 Inter-Korean Unification Football Competition held in Pyongyang and Seoul. The two Koreas participated in the 1991 World</p>

NO	문항
	<p>Table Tennis Championships and World Youth Football Championships as a single team. At the opening ceremony of the 2000 Sydney Olympics, the opening and closing ceremonies of the 2004 Athens Olympics and the 2007 Changchun Winter Asian Games, athletes from the two Koreas marched under a united flag and impressed the global audience. Notably in the 2018 Winter Olympics held in Pyeongchang, Gangwon-do, the first South-North single team participated in the Olympics in a sport, contributing to delivering a message of “peace” not only to the Korean peninsula, but also to the world.</p>
3	<p>Write the name of the first grand unified Korean-language dictionary made jointly by Korean language scholars of the two Koreas for the purpose of unifying the languages of the two Koreas. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">[Answer] Grand Unified Dictionary of the Korean Language (Gyeoremal)</p> <p>[Explanation] The two sides signed a letter of intent for the publishing of a dictionary in 2004 and formed the Compilation Committee of the Joint Inter-Korean Dictionary Project in February 2005 to promote the project in earnest. The grand unified dictionary of the Korean language with more than 300,000 entries was published in April 2019.</p>
4	<p>In 1991, North Korea established its very first special economic zone in order to open its markets to foreign capital and attract foreign investment. What is the name of the zone?(low)</p> <p>① Gaesung Industrial Zone ② Najin and Sunbong Special Economic Zone ③ Shinuiju International Economic Zone ④ Wonsan and Geumgangs Mountain Tourism District</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>[Explanation] North Korea promoted a partially open door policy to overcome its economic crisis. Pyongyang enacted the Joint Management Act in 1984 but failed to be effective. In December 1991, Najin and Sunbong, sea ports situated in the far northern region of Hamgyongbukdo Province, was designated as its first special economic zone.</p>
5	<p>The South and the North made their first joint entrance for the 2000 Sydney Olympics. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] South and North Korea has marched into the opening/closing ceremonies of international sports competitions a total of 12 times including 2000 Sydney Olympics, 2002 Busan Asian Games, 2003 Aomori Winter Asian Games, 2003 Daegu Universiade, 2004 Athens Olympics, 2005 Macau East Asian Games, 2005 Incheon Asian Athletics Championships, 2006 Torino Winter Olympics, 2006 Doha Asian Games, 2007 Changchun Winter Asian Games, 2018 PyeongChang Winter Olympics, and 2018 Jakarta-Palembang Asian Games.</p>
6	<p>On April 27, 2018, the scene where President Moon Jae-in and Chairman Kim Jong-un ended a commemorative planting at Panmunjeom and had a one-on-one meeting while taking a walk. What is the place called? (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Dobo Bridge, or</p>

NO	문항
	Panmunjeom Dobo Bridge
7	<p>Which of the following can NOT be regarded as one of the humanitarian solutions agreed upon at the September Pyongyang Joint Declaration? (low)</p> <p>① Opening a permanent facility for family reunion meetings ② Video reunions ③ Giving priority to the exchange of video messages ④ Jointly commemorating the 100th anniversary of the March First Independence Movement Day</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 Among the major contents of the ‘September Pyongyang Joint Declaration’, the joint commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the March First Independence Movement Day belongs to social and cultural exchange between South and North Korea.</p>
8	<p>The inter-Korean exchange by local governments is meaningful in the aspect of contributing to the preparation for unification by recovering national homogeneity, reconciliation, and development of North Korea beyond the improvement of inter-Korean relations. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 Inter-Korean exchange by local governments is meaningful in the aspect of contributing to the preparation for unification by recovering national homogeneity, reconciliation, and development of North Korea beyond the improvement of inter-Korean relations with the projects aiming at the development of North Korea’s rural area by humanitarian support and social and cultural exchanges including international athletic meets.</p>
9	<p>What is the name of the border described below? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Immediately after the cease fire agreement in 1953, the UN Forces Command set a border line across the five islands in the West Sea, i.e. Baengnyeongdo, Yeongpyeongdo, Daecheongdo, Socheongdo and Udo Islands.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Northern Limit Line(NLL)</p> <p>【Explanation】 The NLL is the sea border declared by UN Commander General Clark in 1953. North Korea has never acknowledged it, claiming that it was announced unilaterally without mutual agreement.</p>
10	<p>In 1971, the Korean Red Cross proposed inter-Korean Red Cross talks to North Korea to solve the problem of separated families. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 In 1971, the Korean Red Cross proposed inter-Korean Red Cross talks aimed at solving the problem of separated families to North Korea, and the Inter-Korean Red Cross Talks were held seven times from August 1972 onwards.</p>
11	<p>A law was enacted in 1990 to promote and systemize South-North exchange and cooperation after the July 7 Declaration. Please write the title of this law, which was designed to facilitate stable exchange and cooperation within the framework of the laws and regulations of South Korea. (medium)</p>

NO	문항
	<p>[Answer] The Inter-Korean Exchange and Cooperation Act</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Inter-Korean Exchange and Cooperation Act was enacted in 1990 to contribute to peace on, and unification of, the Korean Peninsula by stipulating the requirements for promoting mutual exchange and cooperation between South Korea and North Korea.</p>
12	<p>The following describe the peace efforts on the Korean Peninsula being carried out by the Moon Jae-in administration. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The Moon Jae-in administration's efforts for peace on the Korean Peninsula are being carried out through the Peace Process on the Korean Peninsula, which is aimed to eliminate hostile tensions and war threats between the two Koreas that have continued for over 70 years since the division, and to establish complete denuclearization and permanent peace on the Korean Peninsula. The Korean Peninsula Peace Process refers to a series of efforts and processes to create the future of the “new Korean peninsula regime” in which the two Koreas achieve prosperity and coexist through a new economic community.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Moon Jae-in administration's efforts for peace on the Korean Peninsula are being carried out through the “Peace Process on the Korean Peninsula.” The Moon Jae-in administration, which was launched in May 2017, started the peace process almost immediately. The President’s peace process was disclosed in the so-called “Berlin Initiative” that the president announced in Berlin that he paid a visit to in July 2017 at the invitation of the German Körber Foundation. The peace process on the Korean Peninsula has been realized through the participation of North Korean athletes in the 2018 PyeongChang Winter Olympics, three inter-Korean summits in 2018, and two US-North Korea summits in 2018-2019. It has made further progress through North Korea's dismantlement of the Punggye-ri nuclear test site (May 24, 2018), the implementation of consensus measures in the military sector as part of the agreement made in inter-Korean summit meetings, the resolution of the separated family issue, the implementation of inter-Korean exchanges in the sports and culture sectors, and the promotion of economic cooperation in railway, among others. The peace process is being promoted through continuous dialogue that includes the United States as well.</p>
13	<p>Fill in the oo parts in the following description. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The civilian sector should work together with the central government for the development of inter-Korean relations and peaceful unification. So far, many NGOs and local governments have participated in providing humanitarian support for North Korea and inter-Korean social and cultural cooperation. Currently, 17 metropolitan local governments are supporting inter-Korean exchange projects by establishing oo and raising oo for inter-Korean social and cultural cooperation.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Ordinances, funds</p> <p>【Explanation】 Starting with the provision of tangerines in 1999 by Jeju Province, the exchanges with North Korea and humanitarian support programs of local autonomous governments have been changed from urgent relief and support for recovery into development support programs, and the contents of the programs were also developed from the simple supply of goods to project businesses (Ex.: Rural area</p>

NO	문항
	development program composed of environment improvement project and income increase project). In order to support such programs, the local government has established ordinances and raised funds. Currently, 17 metropolitan local governments have established related ordinances.
14	<p>The following describes one of the efforts being made for solution of the issue of separated families. Fill in the blank. (upper)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The issue of separated families should be resolved urgently due to the increasing deaths of aging separated families. Therefore, () was adopted and performed 7 times in addition to face-to-face reunion since 2005.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Video reunion (system)</p> <p>【Explanation】 The events for reunion of separated families in North and South Korea were held for a total of 21 times from 2000 to 2018. Since 2005, the video reunion has been conducted for 7 times in order to address the problem of aging separated families. Besides, ascertainment of the survival of separated family members and reunion through a third country were conducted. Moreover, 22,072 video messages have been produced from 2005 to 2019 to be stored in the “Separated Families Information Integration System” for the retention of records of the first-generation separated families and delivery of video messages to the families in North Korea in future inter-Korean dialogues.</p>
15	<p>Numerous projects for economic cooperation between the South and North were carried out after the 2000 Summit Talks between South and North Korea. The most typical and symbolic of these projects for cooperation are referred to as the "Three Major Economic Cooperation Projects." Which of the following is not one of the three major projects? (low)</p> <p>① Geumgangsan Mountain Tourism Project ② Gaesung Industrial Zone Construction Project ③ Najin and Sunbong Special Economic Zone ④ Railroad and Road Connection Project Between the South and North</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 As a reconciliatory and cooperative mood was established between the South and North after the 2000 Summit Talks, economic cooperation between the two countries was revitalized with the focus on the “Geumgangsan Mountain Tourism Project”, “Gaesung Industrial Zone Construction Project” and “Railroad and Road Connection Project between the South and North”. These three projects are collectively known as the three major economic cooperation projects. The Najin and Sunbong Special Economic Zone was established prior to the 2000 Summit Talks in 1991.</p>
16	<p>Write the appropriate term in the blank space a below. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>This project is an iconic inter-Korean cooperation project initiated when Hyundai Asan and North Korea signed an agreement in August 2000. A kickoff ceremony was held on June 30, 2003, and factories in the (a) began operating and producing goods on December 15, 2004. This project not only symbolized inter-Korean cooperation but also had the potential to promote peace and prosperity on the Korean Peninsula. However, the project was stopped and resumed repeatedly until it was completely shut down in February 2016 due to the tense political situation on the peninsula.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Gaesung Industrial Zone</p>

NO	문항
	<p>【Explanation】 The Gaesung Industrial Zone Project was launched when Hyundai Asan and North Korea signed the "Agreement on the Construction and Operation of the Gaesung Industrial Zone" on August 9, 2000 as part of a process of inter-Korean exchange following the June 15th South-North Joint Declaration in 2000.</p> <p>Following the enactment of the Act on the Support for the Gaesung Industrial Zone, the kickoff ceremony for the Gaesung Industrial Complex was held on June 30, 2003, followed by the start of factory operations and product manufacturing on December 15, 2004.</p> <p>The project suffered from North Korea's unilateral restrictions on the entry of South Korean personnel into the complex, followed by a complete withdrawal of North Korean workers from the complex coupled with South Korea's winding down of the complex's operations in protest against North Korea's armed provocation, which was in turn followed by the current closure of the complex. Despite such a turbulent history, it is a historic project that has provided a venue for peaceful coexistence and joint prosperity through the combination of South Korea's capital and technologies and North Korea's land and human resources.</p>
17	<p>The following passage describes South Korea's policy on humanitarian aid for North Korea and the current status of the aid. Write O if the statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Ever since it began to provide food aid in 1995, the South Korean government has continuously promoted humanitarian aid according to the principle that it should be provided regardless of the political situation, with the aim of improving the poor humanitarian situation of the people of North Korea.</p> <p>Humanitarian aid has been offered to North Korea through both public channels (government-level aid, financial support for private organizations, support via international organizations, and food loans) and private channels.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 South Korea's humanitarian aid for North Korea is provided through both the public and private sectors. Starting with the free supply of rice in 1995, the government began providing North Korea with a loan type of food aid, including rice and corn, in 2000 and supplied North Korea with fertilizers from 1999 to 2007. The government has also established the South-North Cooperation Fund to channel the private sector's humanitarian aid to North Korea, while promoting aid for North Korea through cooperation with international organizations such as the WFP(World Food Programme), UNICEF(United Nations Children's Emergency Fund), WHO(World Health Organization), and the UN(United Nations).</p>
18	<p>The following description is about a project carried out by an agreement between South and North Korea. What is the project being described?(high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The project was launched in September 2002 after the summit talks between South and North held in 2000. Some of the projects were completed from 2004 but repeatedly stopped and resumed.</p> <p>This project will give Korea, isolated like an "island," an opportunity to expand its space to the continent and lay the foundation for one economic community of South and North</p> </div>

NO	문항
	<p>Korea by changing the human and material coming and going between South and North Korea remarkably.</p> <p>[Answer] Railway and Road Connection (Project) between South and North Korea</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Railway and Road Connection Project between South and North Korea was implemented after the summit talks between South and North held in 2000. The connection of the road between South and North Korea in Gyeongui Line and Donghae Line was completed in October 2004, to be used for coming and going between South and North Korea. In the case of railway, the test run of the trains of South and North Korea was done on May 17, 2007, and cargo trains operated regularly on Gyeongui Line (Dorasan Station ~ Panmun Station) from Dec. 11, 2007. Note, however, that the operation of the trains was stopped on Dec. 1, 2008 by the measure of North Korea to restrict land transportation. After that, according to the agreement on the connection and modernization of the Donghae Line and Gyeongui Line railway and road in the “April27 Panmunjeom Declaration” in2018, a “groundbreaking ceremony for connection and modernization of the railway and road of Gyeongui Line and Donghae Line” was held at Panmun Station in North Korea on December 26 following the joint inspection of the “connecting section of the railways of South and North Korea”and the “joint local inspection of the section in North Korea” of the railway and road.</p>
19	<p>The Gyeongwon Line linking the South and North was connected as a result of the railroad and road connection project conducted after the 2000 Summit Talks between South and North Korea. Write O if the statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p>[Answer] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Gyeongwon Line is yet to be connected. However, the connection of the Gyeongui Line and the East Sea Line was completed in 2004, and the rail lines were used for visits to the South and North.</p>
20	<p>What is the name of "this international organization" underlined below? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>The South Korean government supported a program aimed at improving the health and nutrition of newborn babies and infants in North Korea through this international organization under the principle that pure humanitarian aid should be promoted unconditionally in terms of fraternity and humanitarianism, despite the strained inter-Korean relations caused by North Korea’s torpedo attack on the ROK Navy ship Cheonan and its bombardment of Yeonpyeongdo Island.</p> </div> <p>[Answer] The United Nations International Children’s Emergency Fund(UNICEF)</p> <p>【Explanation】 UNICEF is a child relief organization established under the auspices of the UN. The South Korean government has been supporting a program to help North Korean babies and infants through the organization.</p>
21	<p>Which of the following is irrelevant to the South and North Korean exchange projects in the area of scholarship and culture? (medium)</p> <p>① Joint inspection of the cemetery of Lushun Prison.</p> <p>② Joint statement to assert Korea's sovereignty over Dokdo Island.</p>

NO	문항
	<p>③ Joint seminar on the return of cultural assets plundered by Japan.</p> <p>④ Joint inspection of the ancient tombs of the Goguryeo Dynasty scattered in and around Pyongyang.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>【Explanation】 A joint action on Japan's territorial claim of Dokdo island and its distortions of history was made in the form of a joint statement by South and North Korean organizations (labor, religious, etc.) condemning Japan's measures, instead of in the form of an inter-Korean exchange and cooperation project.</p>
22	<p>One of the threats to the development of inter-Korean relations and the peace and prosperity of the Korean Peninsula is the North Korean nuclear issue. The North Korean nuclear crisis started following North Korea's declaration to withdraw from the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) in March 1993. Against a series of North Korea's attempts to develop nuclear weapons, including six nuclear tests, various measures such as negotiations and sanctions have been taken. The following concerns one of the agreements made to resolve the North Korean nuclear issue. What agreement is the correct answer? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Former president Carter's visit to North Korea • The construction of two light water reactors and the supply of 500,000 tons of heavy oil per year in exchange for North Korea's nuclear freeze • Promotion of the normalization of US-North Korean relations </div> <p>① Agreement on the joint declaration of the denuclearization of the Korean Peninsula</p> <p>② The Geneva Agreement</p> <p>③ The October 3 Agreement</p> <p>④ The February 13 Agreement</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>【Explanation】 When the North withdrew from the NPT in March 1993 and then officially withdrew from the International Atomic Energy Agency(IAEA) in 1994, the crisis on the Korean peninsula escalated. The Korean Peninsula was able to overcome this first North Korean nuclear crisis through former US President Carter's visit to the North and the subsequent Geneva Agreement on the construction of two light-water reactors and the supply of 500,000 tons of heavy oil per year along with the promotion of the normalization of US-North Korea relations in exchange for North Korea's nuclear freeze.</p>
23	<p>Which of the following agreements between South and North Korea was NOT made in 2018? (low)</p> <p>① Panmunjeom Declaration</p> <p>② September Pyongyang Joint Declaration</p> <p>③ September 19 Military Agreement</p> <p>④ October 4 Declaration</p>

NO	문항
	<p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 The “October-4 Declaration” was made in 2007 for the development, peace, and prosperity of South and North Korea after President Roh Moo-hyun visited Pyongyang and had a summit meeting with North Korean leader and Chairman of National Defense Kim Jong-il</p>
24	<p>Which of the following cannot be regarded as a practical measure to boost inter-Korean exchange and cooperation and develop the national economy in a balanced way as mentioned in the September Pyongyang Joint Declaration agreed upon by the South and North leaders in September? (low)</p> <p>① Cooperation in the prevention of epidemics, health and medical care ② Environmental cooperation for protection and restoration of the natural ecosystem ③ Ground-breaking ceremony for railway and road connection ④ Restoration of separated family reunion place facilities</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 ④ is the details of Article 3 of the ‘September Pyongyang Joint Declaration’, which says, “The South and the North have agreed to strengthen humanitarian cooperation to fundamentally solve the problem of separated families.”</p>
25	<p>What are the following contents about? (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>It is one of the measures taken for easing military tension pursuant to the “September Pyongyang Joint Declaration” and “September 19 Military Agreement” in 2018. It was first created in the section of Goseong in Gangwon Province, and then in the section of Cheolwon & Paju. Korean people can feel the mood of peace and unification with it.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] DMZ Peace Road</p> <p>【Explanation】 The ”DMZ Peace Road” is one of the measures taken for the removal of the risk of war on the Korean peninsula by easing military tension pursuant to the “September Pyongyang Joint Declaration” and “September 19 Military Agreement.” It was first created in the section of Goseong in Gangwon Province, and then in the section of Cheolwon & Paju</p>
26	<p>Which of the following is not a section where the “DMZ Peace Road” was created? (medium)</p> <p>① Cheolwon in Gangwon Province ② Yeoncheon in Gyeonggi Province ③ Goseong in Gangwon Province ④ Paju in Gyeonggi Province</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>【Explanation】 The “DMZ Peace Road” was realized for the easing of military tension pursuant to the “September Pyongyang Joint Declaration” and “September 19 Military Agreement” in 2018. It was first created in the section of Goseong in Gangwon Province in April 2019, and then in the Cheolwon section in June 2019 and in the Paju section in August 2019.</p>
27	<p>Write a common word for the parentheses in the following text (high)</p>

NO	문항
	<p>In order to actively implement the 'peace process on the Korean peninsula' aimed for denuclearization and permanent peace establishment on the Korean Peninsula, President Moon Jae-in delivered a keynote speech at the UN General Assembly in September 2019, where he proposed the 'Transformation of () into an International Peace Zone where South and North Korea join hands with the international community to transform () into a peace zone. As part of measures to alleviate military tensions in accordance with the "September Pyongyang Joint Declaration" and the "September 19 Military Agreement," the ROK created a series of "() Peace Trail" in Goseong in April followed by the Cheorwon-Paju section.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] DMZ or the Demilitarized Zone</p> <p>[Explanation] The DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) refers to a place where it is banned to deploy troops within 2 kilometers of South and North Korea, respectively, along the demarcation line according to the armistice agreement of the Korean War. The area is not only a treasure trove of natural ecosystems but also a place attesting to the value of peace and security.</p>
28	<p>Which of the following summit talks between South and North is NOT correct? (medium)</p> <p>① 1994: Kim Young-sam-Kim Il-sung ② 2000: Kim Dae-jung-Kim Jong-il ③ 2007: Roh Moo-hyun-Kim Jong-il ④ 2018: Moon Jae-in-Kim Jong-un</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 The summit talks between South and North Korea were realized for the first time in 2000 during the Kim Dae-jung administration. The Kim Young-sam administration agreed to have the first summit meeting from July 25 to 29, 1994 in Pyongyang, but it was postponed indefinitely due to the sudden death of President Kim Il-sung (on July 8, 1994).</p>
29	<p>Which is NOT a sport in which South and North Korea formed a united team in an international sporting event? (medium)</p> <p>① Table tennis ② Basketball ③ Baseball ④ Soccer</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 In table tennis, the united Korean team won a gold medal for the first time ever. In basketball, the united team formed for the first time in the sport won a silver medal at the 2018 Asian Games. In soccer, the united team went on to the knockout stage at the 1991 FIFA World Youth Championship.</p>
30	<p>The thing which is NOT being implemented among the policies suggested for the resolution of the problem of separated families, an issue of human rights and also a humanitarian issue is the exchange of video message. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 Events for the reunion of separated families in North and South Korea have been held for a total of 21 times from 2000 to 2018. Since 2005, video reunions have been held 7 times, and</p>

NO	문항
	<p>exchanges of separated families at the civilian level have been conducted for the ascertainment of survival of separated family members and reunion in parallel with the exchanges promoted by a third country. In addition, 22,062 video messages have been produced from 2005 to 2019 to be stored in the “Separated Families Information Integration System” for the retention of records of the first-generation separated families and delivery of video messages to the families in North Korea in future inter-Korean dialogues. Thus, as of now, exchange of video messages has not been realized.</p>
31	<p>What was not covered by the 1991 ‘Inter-Korean Basic Agreement’? (low)</p> <p>① South-North reconciliation ② South-North non-aggression ③ South-North exchanges and cooperation ④ South-North general election</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 The major contents of the ‘Inter-Korean Basic Agreement’ of 1991 are as follows:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The two sides shall recognize and respect each other’s system. • The two sides shall not undertake armed aggression against each other. <p>The two sides shall engage in economic exchanges and cooperation including the joint development of resources, the trade of goods as domestic commerce and joint ventures.</p> </div>
32	<p>Numerous projects for economic cooperation between the South and North were carried out after the 2000 Summit Talks between South and North Korea. The most typical and symbolic of these projects for cooperation are referred to as the "Three Major Economic Cooperation Projects." Which of the following is not one of the three major projects? (low)</p> <p>① Geumgangsan Mountain Tourism Project ② Gaesung Industrial Zone Construction Project ③ Najin and Sunbong Special Economic Zone ④ Railroad and Road Connection Project Between the South and North</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 As a reconciliatory and cooperative mood was established between the South and North after the 2000 Summit Talks, economic cooperation between the two countries was revitalized with the focus on the “Geumgangsan Mountain Tourism Project”, “Gaesung Industrial Zone Construction Project” and “Railroad and Road Connection Project between the South and North”. These three projects are collectively known as the three major economic cooperation projects. The Najin and Sunbong Special Economic Zone was established prior to the 2000 Summit Talks in 1991.</p>
<p>3. International Community and Peaceful Unification of the Korean Peninsula</p>	
1	<p>The United Nations Peacekeeping Operations (PKO) is a non-standing organization composed of armies of countries, mainly dispatched to international conflict and disaster areas, and working for the purpose of restoring and maintaining peace. The PKO works on the side of the weak rather than the strong to restore peace and maintain security in conflict. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p>

NO	문항
	<p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>[Explanation] The United Nations Peacekeeping Operations (PKO) do not stand on either side and. From a neutral standpoint, they strive to restore peace and maintain security in areas of conflict.</p>
2	<p>The 33rd United Nations General Assembly in 1978 defined peace as a state in which justice exists beyond the absence of war or physical violence. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] The 33rd United Nations General Assembly in 1978 defined peace as a state in which justice exists beyond the absence of war or physical violence. The true state of peace therefore calls for the realization of basic human rights, desires, and justice in society beyond the stage of the absence of war.</p>
3	<p>In 1999, the “Declaration on a Culture of Peace” and the “Action Plan” were adopted as a UN resolution defining a culture of peace, among others. Which of the following is not defined as part of the culture of peace? (low)</p> <p>① Peaceful resolution of conflicts ② Promotion of human rights and freedoms, development rights, and gender equality ③ Suspension of non-violence through education, dialogue, and cooperation ④ Respect for national sovereignty, territorial integration, political independence, etc.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>[Explanation] In the 'Declaration on a Culture of Peace' in 1999, the UN empathized, regarding a culture of peace, the cessation of violence and the practice of non-violence through education, dialogue, and cooperation.</p>
4	<p>When the United Nations Peacekeepers (PKO) work, they usually wear what are called 'blue berets' or 'blue helmets.' Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Aswer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] The United Nations Peacekeepers (PKO) usually wear blue helmets and field caps.</p>
5	<p>The Nobel Committee selected () as the 2020 Nobel Peace Prize winner. Regarding the reasons for the selection of the Nobel Peace Prize, the Committee pointed to the efforts of () to eradicate hunger, improve the peace conditions in conflict areas, and prevent hunger from being abused as a tool for war and conflict. Who is the person or group suitable for the parentheses? (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] World Food Programme (WFP)</p> <p>[Explanation] Choosing the WFP as the recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize on October 9, 2020, the Norwegian Nobel Committee said, "The World Food Program is the largest humanitarian agency to combat hunger and promote food security," adding “The WFP has bettered conditions for peace in</p>

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	<p>conflict-affected areas by preventing hunger from being used as a weapon of war and conflict.” It went on to say, “Until the day we have a medical vaccine (against COVID-19), food is the best vaccine against chaos.”</p>
6	<p>This group played an important role in the adoption of the ‘Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons’ at the UN General Assembly on July 7, 2017, with the aim of the complete elimination of nuclear weapons. For this, it was awarded the 2017 Nobel Peace Prize and is currently headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland. What is the name of this group? (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons (ICAN)</p> <p>[Explanation] In July 2017, the ICAN criticized certain countries' monopoly on nuclear weapons at the United Nations General Assembly and played a crucial role in the adoption of the “Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons” calling for the complete elimination of nuclear weapons. In 2017, the Nobel Committee selected the ICAN as the recipient of the year’s Nobel Peace Prize, saying that it worked for the start of the gradual and balanced removal of more than 15,000 nuclear weapons worldwide.</p>
7	<p>Which is not the United Nations organizations that resided or is residing in Pyongyang, North Korea? (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>① World Health Organization (WHO) ② UN International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF) ③ International Monetary Fund (IMF) ④ UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)</p> <p>[Explanation] The United Nations organizations in Pyongyang, North Korea, include the World Health Organization (WHO), the World Food Program (WFP), the United Nations Development Program (UNDP), the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF), the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). The United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (UNOCHA) withdrew from North Korea in 2005.</p>
8	<p>The concept of human security was first proposed in the Human Development Report published by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) in 1994. In the report, the seven areas of human security were identified economic security, environmental security, health security, community security, political security, () security, and () security. Which is the appropriate pair of words for ()? (medium)</p> <p>① Country, people ② Country, food ③ Personal, food ④ Personal, country</p>

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	<p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>[Explanation] The United Nations Development Program (UNDP) has listed seven essential dimensions of human security: economic, food, health, environmental, personal, community and political.</p>
9	<p>This declaration argues that it is not scientifically correct that "we inherited a tendency to induce wars from our animal ancestors" and that "wars and other violent acts are genetically fitted to our nature. What is the declaration called which was adopted by the 25th General Assembly of UNESCO in 1989? (high)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">[Answer] Seville Declaration, or Seville Statement on Violence</p> <p>[Explanation] In 1986, based on scientific data, a group of 20 scientists around the world argued that war did not occur due to human nature; "war was a product of culture" in that the patterns and frequencies of war vary with time and space; and "While war is biologically possible, it is not inevitable." This is called the Seville Statement, which was adopted by the 25th General Assembly of UNESCO in 1989.</p>
10	<p>The following is an explanation of international efforts for a peace regime on the Korean Peninsula. Write a place name that corresponds to (). (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>In 1954, the () Political Conference was held for a peaceful resolution of the Korean peninsula, and the South Korean government proposed '14 Principles for the Reunification of the Korean Peninsula.' It collapsed due to disagreement between South Korea and 16 countries that dispatched forces on one side and communist countries including North Korea, China and the Soviet Union on the other.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Geneva</p> <p>[Explanation] The 1954 Political Conference in Geneva was a meaningful meeting where South Korea and 16 countries participating in the Korean War gathered together to discuss "the only internationally recognized principle of unification."</p>
11	<p>Which of the following is not the target country for the Moon Jae-in administration's New Northern Policy? (low)</p> <p>① Russia ② Mongolia ③ Uzbekistan ④ UK</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] The core region of the New Northern Policy is the Eurasia region, including Europe and Asia, with specific target countries being China (especially the three northeastern provinces), Russia, Mongolia, 5 Central Asian countries (Kazakhstan, Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan and Turkmenistan), and 6 Central European countries (Ukraine, Belarus, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Moldova and Georgia).</p>

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12	<p>Which is INCORRECT as the explanation of the Moon Jae-in administration's new southern policy? (medium)</p> <p>① It was officially announced at the “Korea-Indonesia Business Forum” in November 2017. ② The main targets of the policy promotion are the members of the ASEAN and India. ③ The purpose of the policy promotion is to respond to the conflict between the United States and China over the issue of the South China Sea. ④ In August 2018, the Presidential Committee on New Southern Policy was launched under the direct control of the President to support related affairs.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>[Explanation] The New Southern Policy is the core of the Moon Jae-in administration, which aims to realize peace and cooperation in East Asia beyond the Korean Peninsula by strengthening exchanges and cooperation in various areas such as politics, economy and society and culture, targeting 10 ASEAN member countries and India, in particular. The Policy was officially launched through a keynote speech by President Moon Jae-in at the ‘Korea-Indonesia Business Forum’ in November 2017. In August 2018, the ‘New Southern Policy Special Committee’ was launched under the direct control of the President to support related tasks. The major goals of the Policy include taking blue ocean opportunities in ASEAN and India in line with the creation of a huge economic sphere and market in the region and responding to the accelerating trend of massive economic integration in the region recognized as the new engine of the global economy.</p>
13	<p>The following is a description of the three goals of the New Southern Policy. Write the suitable word for the blank. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The New Southern Policy proposes three goals - the PEOPLE community, the PROSPERITY community, and () to realize the vision of the “the ASEAN-Korea Future Community.”</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] PEACE community</p> <p>[Explanation] The Policy has put forward three goals to realize its vision “the realization of the ASEAN-Korea Future Community: People-Centered Peace and Community.”The first goal is building a people community deepening understanding through increased exchanges. The second goal is building a prosperity community by laying the foundation for mutually beneficial and future-oriented economic cooperation between ASEAN and Korea. The third goal is building a peace community by establishing a peaceful and safe regional security environment.</p>
14	<p>In November 2019, the 'ASEAN-Korea Special Summit' was held in Hanoi, Vietnam. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>[Explanation] It was Busan that played host to the 'ASEAN-ROK Commemorative Summit' in November 2019.</p>

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15	<p>Which of the following does not have diplomatic relations with both South Korea and North Korea? (low)</p> <p>① UK ② United States ③ Germany ④ Russia</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>[Explanation] The US has not established diplomatic relations with North Korea.</p>
16	<p>Which of the following is INCORRECT as the description of the international community's sanctions against North Korea? (medium)</p> <p>① The sanctions are divided into multilateral sanctions by the UN and independent sanctions enforced by individual countries such as the United States. ② The goal of the UN sanctions on North Korea is to collapse the North Korean regime. ③ China and Russia are participating, but they oppose sanctions that threaten the North Korean regime. ④ Protesting that the sanctions are an attempt to overthrow the regime, North Korea is demanding both sanctions easing and regime security.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>[Explanation] International sanctions against North Korea can be divided into multilateral sanctions by the United Nations (UN) and independent sanctions enforced by individual countries such as the United States. The purpose of sanctions on North Korea, as stated by the UN Security Council, is to "apply economic pressure on the North Korean regime to give up nuclear weapons, nuclear programs, ballistic missile programs, and weapons of mass destruction that threaten the international community." The US sanctions on North Korea are aimed at complete denuclearization of North Korea. It says that it is difficult to consider easing sanctions against North Korea prior to its complete denuclearization. China and Russia that have been more actively participating in sanctions on North Korea since North Korea's fourth nuclear test in January 2016 do not favor the collapse of the North Korean regime as a result of sanctions on North Korea. North Korea has strongly criticized the sanctions imposed by the international community including the United Nations and the United States as an attempt to collapse its regime, demanding both the relaxation of sanctions and the security of its political system.</p>
17	<p>Which of the following is not one of the specialized agencies or independent organizations under the auspices of the UN, which both South and North Korea have joined, as of March 2021? (medium)</p> <p>① World Health Organization (WHO) ② Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) ③ International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) ④ International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)</p>

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	<p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] The WHO was joined by South Korea in 1949 and North Korea in 1973. The FAO was joined by South Korea in 1949 and North Korea in 1977. The IFAD was joined by South Korea in 1978 and North Korea in 1986. The IAEA was joined by South Korea in 1957 and North Korea in 1974, but the latter withdrew from it in 1994 when the first North Korean nuclear crisis occurred.</p>
18	<p>The QUAD is an informal security dialogue between key partners for the Indo-Pacific strategy such as the US, Japan, Australia, and (). Which country should be put in the parentheses? (medium)</p> <p>① China ② India ③ Korea ④ UK</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>[Explanation] The QUAD is an informal security dialogue between the United States and its key partners for its Indo-Pacific strategy such as Japan, Australia, and India.</p>
19	<p>Write the name of the location(country) where the historic first-ever US-DPRK summit meeting was held.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Singapore</p> <p>【Explanation】 The first US-DPRK summit was held in Singapore on June 12, 2018. Agreement was made on new US-DPRK relations, a peace regime, North Korea's denuclearization, and the repatriation of US troops' remains.</p>
20	<p>Write the name of the treaty described below. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It was concluded on October 1, 1953 as a result of the Korean War. • It served as a decisive driving force behind the formation of the ROK-US alliance. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] The ROK-US Mutual Defense Treaty</p> <p>[Explanation] Mutual Defense Treaty Between the ROK and the US was signed in 1953, leading to the formation of the ROK-US alliance system.</p>
21	<p>The following refers to China's policy announced by Xi Jinping, president of China, on a trip to Central and Southeast Asia in 2013. Write the exact name of the policy described in the following parentheses. (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>This policy, a new Silk Road strategy, is aimed at creating the Land Silk Road () connecting China to Central Asia and Europe and the Maritime Silk Road () linking China to Southeast Asia, Europe and Africa to build a huge economic bloc embracing more than 60 countries along the Land Silk Road and Maritime Silk Road starting from China.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] The One Belt One Road (Initiative)</p> <p>【Explanation】 'The One Belt One Road Initiative', a new silk road strategy promoted by China, is aimed at creating the Land Silk Road (One Belt) linking China to Central Asia and Europe and the</p>

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	<p>Maritime Silk Road (One Road) connecting China to Southeast Asia, Europe and Africa. It involves a number of huge projects designed to build a modern-day Silk Road, which was the East-West transportation route in times past, over a period of 35 years (2014~2049) and open the way for expanding economic and trade cooperation between China and its neighboring countries.</p>
22	<p>Which of the following is NOT an explanation on the necessity of realizing “peace on the Korean peninsula” ? (low)</p> <p>① The Korean Peninsula is always in tension and crisis due to the unstable armistice system, cold war-like conflicts remaining in Northeast Asia, and problems of nuclear weapon and missiles of North Korea.</p> <p>② The maintenance of unstable peace is affecting the daily lives of the people by restricting the liberal thinking system, etc.</p> <p>③ The status of unstable peace is limiting the stability of our society and economic growth.</p> <p>④ It is possible to avoid the intervention and cooperation of neighboring countries such as the US, Japan, China, and Russia.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 Cooperation with neighboring countries is essential for not only the realization of peace on the Korean peninsula but also the establishment of permanent peace on the Korean peninsula.</p>
23	<p>With which country did Korea terminate its diplomatic relations upon establishing diplomatic relations with China in 1992? (medium)</p> <p>① Japan ② The USSR ③ Hungary ④ Taiwan</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 Korea terminated its diplomatic relations with Taiwan in 1992 upon establishing diplomatic ties with China.</p>
24	<p>Which of the following is a correct description of the Six-Party Talks? (medium)</p> <p>① China served as the chair country of the Six-Party Talks.</p> <p>② ‘The Joint Declaration on the Denuclearization of the Korean Peninsula’ was agreed upon at the Six-Party Talks.</p> <p>③ The Six-Party Talks were held as a result of the July 4th South-North Joint Statement.</p> <p>④ The Six-Party Talks were composed of the permanent members of the UN Security Council and the UN General Assembly's presiding country.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Six-Party Talks began on August 27, 2003 in the wake of the second North Korean nuclear crisis. ② The Joint Declaration on the Denuclearization of the Korean Peninsula was made at the sixth South-North High-Level Talks held in Pyongyang in February 1992. ④ The Six-Party Talks were attended by the Republic of Korea, North Korea, the USA, China, Russia and Japan.</p>
25	<p>The following is an explanation on the foreign policy of one of the nations surrounding the Korean Peninsula. What is the name of the country? (high)</p>

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	<p>This nation has an essential economic interest related to the development of Siberia and the Far East region; thus, it is promoting economic cooperation with the countries in this region and encouraging participation in the development of Siberia. It is also participating in the economic cooperation organizations in the region, Northeastern Economic Zone, etc.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Russia</p> <p>【Explanation】 In order to reconstruct a “Strong Russia,” Russia is implementing the New East Policy to promote economic cooperation with Asian countries including China and South and North Korea for the development of the backward Far East region.</p>
26	<p>Which country is promoting the following security policies? (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It seeks to expand its political and military influence in the international community while securing its own security through alliance with the United States. • It partly recognizes the right to collective self-defense through a new interpretation of the Peace Constitution (enacted in 1945) </div> <p>① North Korea ② Japan ③ China ④ Russia</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[정답] ②</p>
27	<p>The following is a description of a country’s policy on the Korean peninsula. What is the name of the country? (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Thinking that the stability of the situation of the Korean peninsula will benefit it, this country has implemented friendly and supportive policies rather than strong or pressure policies in pursuing the stabilization of the North Korean regime. In order to create an external environment necessary for the stabilization of the Korean peninsula, this country is asserting “paralleled propulsion” and “simultaneous suspension.”</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] China</p> <p>【Explanation】 Thinking that the stability of the Korean Peninsula is necessary for their own development, China has asserted “paralleled propulsion” and “simultaneous suspension” since 2016 for the resolution of the North Korean nuclear issue and the issue of the Korean peninsula. “Paralleled propulsion” means propelling the denuclearization of the Korean peninsula and establishing a peace treaty system between North Korea and the US in parallel, whereas simultaneous suspension means suspending North Korea’s development of nuclear weapons and missiles and large-scale Korea-US combined forces exercises at the same time to pave the way for dialogue.</p>
28	<p>‘The Six-Party Talks’ designed to discuss solutions to North Korea’s nuclear issues was chaired by the United States. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 The chair country of the Six-Party Talks was China.</p>
29	<p>. A multilateral meeting aimed to solve the North Korean nuclear issues began in August 2003. ‘The September 19 Joint Statement’, ‘the February 13 Agreement’ and ‘the October 3 Agreement’ were adopted at the meeting. Which is the correct name of the meeting? (low)</p> <p>① The Four-Party Talks ② The Six-Party Talks ③ The Inter-Korean Summit ④ The South Korea-US Summit</p>

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34	<p>peace and unification of the Korean peninsula and conduct cooperative diplomacy to have the international society recognize it.</p> <p>he following list the tasks required to realize the unification of the Korean Peninsula. Write O if the information presented is correct, and X if it is not. (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In order to dismantle the Cold War system and establish a lasting peace on the Korean Peninsula, a multifaceted approach is needed in order to secure full support and cooperation from neighboring countries and the international community, as well as our efforts. • In order to induce cooperation among neighboring countries, a strategic approach is needed to balance the interests of these countries and build up the trust of neighboring countries in Korea's capacity to lead unification. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] The unification of the Korean peninsula involves not only ending the division of the South and North but also dismantling the Cold War structure and establishing a peace regime in Northeast Asia. The issue must be approached from the perspective of peace and common prosperity in the region and the international community as a whole. Unification requires the support and cooperation of the international community in addition to leading efforts by the two Koreas.</p>
4. Unification seen through the Cases of Divided Countries	
1	<p>Germany, which was divided around the same time as Korea was, achieved reunification ahead of Korea in 1990. Which is NOT appropriate as the implication of the German reunification for Korea's unification? (low)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① Efforts are needed for mutual understanding. ② Unification between people is important. ③ Time is needed to adjust to new situations. ④ The result must be emphasized rather than the process for unification. <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] German reunification involved long-term efforts for reconciliation and exchange and cooperation, but its actual realization took only about a year. The two systems of East Germany and West Germany were not united in a balanced state. Unification was achieved by the East German system being absorbed into the West German system. Therefore its shortfall was that East and West Germans were not equally respected. Efforts to understand and respect each other are important in the process of unification.</p>
2	<p>Since the 1960s, West Germany's Ostpolitik led by chancellor Willy Brandt, advocating "changes through rapprochement," aimed to recognize the existence of East Germany and other Eastern European communist countries before approaching them. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not.</p>

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	<p>(medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] West German chancellor Willy Brandt's Ostpolitik did not directly target unification. He instead sought to begin to make changes in minor things such as the exchange of letters, visa-free travel, and visits by families across the border. That's why it was also called a 'policy of small steps.'</p>
3	<p>Northern Ireland suffered serious social problems due to religious conflict between Protestants and Catholics. "Corrymeela" refers to a Christian community in which Protestants and Catholics, who had conflicted in Northern Ireland, tried to achieve reconciliation together. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] Northern Ireland was one of the areas that suffered serious conflicts due to religious differences. Founded in 1965 by Ray Davey, 'Corrymeela' (Hill of Harmony) was aimed 'to provide everyone in any sector of our society with opportunities to talk, meet, and learn so that they can be free from ignorance, prejudice, and fear and respect, trust and cooperate with each other.'</p>
4	<p>What is NOT the name of the peace agreement signed on April 10, 1998 between the eight conflict-related factions of the United Kingdom, the Republic of Ireland, and Northern Ireland to resolve the bloody dispute between Protestants and Catholics in Northern Ireland? (high)</p> <p>① Northern Ireland Peace Agreement ② Oslo Agreement ③ Good Friday Agreement ④ Belfast Agreement</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>[Explanation] The Oslo Accords are a pair of agreements signed by Israel and Palestine in 1993.</p>
5	<p>South Africa has worked to resolve problems that arose during the era of racial discrimination policies. The "Truth and Reconciliation Commission" was the agency that investigated cases of human rights violations by white people as well as the overall state of crimes committed by the nation. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] The "Truth and Reconciliation Committee" of South Africa was established in December 1995 and was active until July 1998 to investigate crimes and human rights violations committed by the government from the 1960s to the early 1990s. The committee's activities have been criticized for preventing reconciliation between black and white by excessively digging into the painful wounds of the past although they contributed to revealing the country's dark history and setting the record straight.</p>
6	<p>When China passed the Hong Kong version of the "National Security Law" in May 2020, the US expressed its affirmative position on the grounds that the US respects China's internal affairs. Write O if</p>

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	<p>this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>[Explanation] When the Hong Kong version of the “National Security Law” was passed at the National People's Congress held in May 2020, the US State Department saw it as a serious blow to Hong Kong's autonomy and expressed the possibility of sanctions against China and Hong Kong. Beijing strongly opposed, saying that the Hong Kong issue was China's internal affairs.</p>
7	<p>Which nation, among the divided nations, was unified first after the Second World War? (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Vietnam</p> <p>【Explanation】 North Vietnam and South Vietnam were unified in 1976, and Germany was unified in 1990. Yemen was unified in 1990; with the Yemen Civil War breaking out in 1994, however, South Yemen is in the midst of a re-separation movement.</p>
8	<p>Austria claimed to be neutral to achieve unification. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 Renner was nominated as the first president of Austria after serving as the chancellor of the provisional government. He had laid out a Switzerland type neutrality plan in January 1947. The Socialist Party, a member of the coalition government, officially endorsed the unification approach through neutralization, with the National Party declaring its support for neutrality. Chancellor Figl declared the country's neutrality in 1949, meaning that it would never consider depending on foreign powers for its survival. He also strove to secure cooperation from surrounding powers.</p>
9	<p>Which country is being described below? (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The country is the first case of peaceful unification after the Second World War. • The country was separated again for a while after unification due to religious conflicts but later re-unified by military force. • The country is in extreme confusion due to the intervention of neighboring countries in the civil war, and the country is actually in a state of national division. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Yemen</p> <p>【Explanation】 Yemen was unified in 1990, the year when Germany was unified, but several months earlier than Germany (Germany was unified in October, whereas Yemen was unified in May). It is Yemen that was unified and re-separated after the Second World War and is currently locked in a civil war.</p>
10	<p>Which is WRONG about the division process of China and Taiwan? (low)</p> <p>① To resist the Japanese invasion, the Nationalist and the Communist Parties formed a united front.</p> <p>② Following the collapse of Imperial Japan, the united front broke down and a civil war began to take the entire country.</p> <p>③ The civil war was won by the Kuomintang led by Chiang Kai-shek.</p> <p>④ The People's Republic of Korea was established following the end of the civil war between the KMT and the Communist Party.</p>

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	<p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】Mao Zedong's Communist Party won the civil war between the Kuomintang and the Communist Parties. The Communist Party set up the People's Republic of China on the mainland while the Kuomintang led by Chiang Kai-shek retreated to Taiwan.</p> <p>China thus was divided into the People's Republic of China on the mainland and the Republic of China in Taiwan.</p>
11	<p>What was the name of the unification policy promoted by West Germany while it was still divided?</p> <p>① National unification policy ② East Germany absorption policy (low)</p> <p>③ East Germany democratization policy ④ Eastern policy (Ostpolitik)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】West Germany's policy on East Germany, as declared in Chancellor Willy Brandt's state of the union address of 1969, was called "Ostpolitik"(Eastern Policy).</p>
12	<p>Which of the following is an incorrect explanation of the exchanges between East Germany and West Germany? (low)</p> <p>① East and West Germany received benefits such as customs-free and exemption from VAT according to the "single economic unit principle."</p> <p>② Economically, West Germany gave indirect support to East Germany by granting interest-free trade credit, etc.</p> <p>③ East and West Germany restricted private contact and visits and maintained public exchanges between organizational units.</p> <p>④ Sisterhood relations between cities were very active, and there were brisk exchanges in private sectors including the media, culture, and sports.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】The number of travelers and visitors between East Germany and West Germany was 8~9 million every year.</p>
13	<p>In 1990 West and East Germany secured the political and legal framework required for their unification at the "2+4 Negotiations" participated in by the four victorious countries of World War II (America, Britain, France, USSR).(low)</p> <p>Which of the four countries gave the strongest support to the unification of Germany?</p> <p>① The USA ② The UK ③ France ④ The USSR</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】The unification of Germany was initially opposed by the USSR, the UK and France, and was only achieved with the full support of America.</p>
14	<p>The following is an explanation of the diplomatic policy of East Germany. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not.(low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>The Ulbricht Doctrine was the diplomatic policy of East Germany, which ran counter to the Hallstein</p> </div>

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	<p>Doctrine of West Germany. While West Germany claimed that it was the legitimate country, East Germany thought that the relations between East Germany and West Germany could be established only when both countries acknowledged their respective independent sovereignty.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Ulbricht Doctrine was the diplomatic policy advocated by Walter Ulbricht, former First Secretary of East Germany. The doctrine claimed that the relations between East Germany and West Germany could be established only when both countries acknowledged their respective independent sovereignty.</p>
15	<p>Which of the following is NOT a correct explanation of the situation of Vietnam after the unification? (medium)</p> <p>① Private enterprises were nationalized and collectivized, and the economy was revived by an elaborately planned economy and the strong market intervention of the government.</p> <p>② The “Doi Moi (Đổi Mới) Policy” was adopted for the promotion of practical economy.</p> <p>③ Though socialism was the national ideology, the constitution was amended for the introduction of market economy.</p> <p>④ Diplomatic relations with the US were normalized, and President Clinton visited Vietnam.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 By adopting the Doi Moi Policy, the Vietnamese government amended laws for the privatization of state-run companies, drastic reduction of subsidies for public enterprises, financial reform, and attraction of foreign investment.</p>
16	<p>Which of the following is NOT a correct explanation of the process of division and reunification of Yemen? (low)</p> <p>① North Yemen became independent by the retreat of Osman Turkey after the First World War.</p> <p>② South Yemen became independent by the retreat of the U.K. in 1967.</p> <p>③ South Yemen and North Yemen found a clue for unification through mutual agreement in religious homogeneity despite different ideologies of ruling.</p> <p>④ Each of South Yemen and North Yemen attempted to integrate the other claiming historical legitimacy.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 Yemen was able to be unified through mutual agreement owing to the external factors of the continued mediation of the neighboring Arab countries and the influence of the reform and opening of the USSR and the internal factor of the agreement of the leaders of South and North Yemen on distribution of power. A unified government was formed in 1990 by the agreement between South and North Yemen. Though both South and North Yemen believe in Islam, the conflicts between the different religious sects (Shia and Sunni Islam) caused the confrontation between South and North Yemen.</p>
17	<p>Vietnam, which remained under French rule for many decades, was divided into South and North Vietnam along the 17th parallel in 1954 according to the Geneva Agreements. Write O if this statement</p>

NO	문항
	<p>is correct or X if it is not.(medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 After World War II, Vietnam was again involved in a war with France. Afterwards, at the Geneva Talks, the two countries decided that a temporary military demarcation line would be drawn along the 17th parallel, that the armed forces of both sides would be pulled back, and that a general election would be held within two years for the unification of the country.</p>
18	<p>Write the city where the wall symbolizing the division of Germany stood. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Berlin</p> <p>【Explanation】 Berlin located within the East German region was divided and run by the allied powers. The Berlin Wall was erected in the city.</p>
19	<p>The united Vietnam experienced difficulties in achieving social integration due to the economic imbalance between the two parts of the country. Vietnam had to promote a new policy to achieve social integration and achieve reforms and change. Write down the Vietnamese term described by the following passage. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>This Vietnamese word means “Renew”or “Reform.”It refers to the economy-first, open-door reform policy implemented by Vietnam in the late 1980s. While maintaining the basic framework of communism, the policy sought to incorporate market opening and market economy into its ideology, which led Vietnam to have a surge in foreign capital inflows that enabled the country to achieve high economic growth.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Doi Moi</p>
20	<p>Which among the following explanations about the Berlin Wall (Die Berliner Mauer) is incorrect? (medium)</p> <p>① The Berlin Wall was built by West Germany for the separation of West Berlin from East Berlin in East Germany.</p> <p>② The West Berlin separated by the wall was called an “island on land.”</p> <p>③ The Berlin Wall was built to prevent the residents of East Germany from escaping to West Germany.</p> <p>④ East Germany called the Berlin Wall an Anti-fascism Protection Wall (Antifaschistischer Schutzwall).</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer]①</p> <p>【Explanation】 In 1959, Khrushchyov of the USSR suggested making West Berlin an independent place and building it as a “free city” with independent economy and government, but his suggestion was not accepted. After that, the Berlin Wall was built to divide Berlin into the eastern part and western part.</p>
21	<p>The following is a description of the unified Germany. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not.(low)</p>

NO	문항
	<p>East Germany and West Germany permitted people to travel every corner of the region of each side even before the unification and exchange materials. Thus, both sides could understand each other to a certain degree. The mutual trust and magnanimous attitude obtained through such close relations contributed to the stabilization of the country without much social conflict in the unified Germany.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 Even though there had been many exchanges before the unification, it was found, after the unification, that many aspects were not correctly known. As a result, internal conflicts occurred due to the sense of superiority of West Germans over East Germans or because West Germans were perceived as arrogant by East Germans.</p>
22	<p>Which of the following descriptions of the Tripoli Declaration made in 1972 is NOT correct? (medium)</p> <p>① The name of the country shall be the Republic of Yemen, and its capital shall be Sana. ② Islam shall be the state religion, and the holy scripture of Islam shall be the main source of law. ③ Arabic shall be the official language. ④ The nation will aim at realizing democracy.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 At the prime ministerial talks in Cairo in 1972, South and North Yemen announced the Cairo Agreement, which involved the basic principles and procedures of unification and the character of the unified country together with the prerequisite of unification into a single nation. The Cairo Agreement was further refined in the Tripoli summit meeting held soon after. The Tripoli Declaration stated the objective of “realizing socialism.”</p>
23	<p>Which among the following descriptions is NOT a correct explanation of the “Hallstein Doctrine” of West Germany? (low)</p> <p>① It regarded only West Germany as the legitimate government in Germany. ② It did not establish relations with any country that had diplomatic relations with East Germany. ③ It is a foreign policy principle promoted by Walter Hallstein in 1955. ④ It was the East Policy of Willy Brandt that had been complemented and strengthened.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Hallstein Doctrine was practically discarded by the propulsion of the East Policy of Willy Brandt during the 1970s.</p>
5. Understanding North Korea	
1	<p>What is NOT an explanation of the July 1st Measure taken by North Korea in 2002? (medium)</p> <p>① North Korea raised prices to the level of those at farmers' market using the price of rice as the standard. ② North Korea raised wages significantly, the most for soldiers and heavy workers. ③ North Korea shifted its policy in the direction of reducing the market function while raising the government's responsibility for citizens' livelihood. ④ North Korea transferred some of the central government's economic planning functions to local governments and enterprises.</p>

NO	문항
	<p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>[Explanation] On July 1, 2002, North Korea reduced the ration system by the state, serving as the core of its planned economy, and expanded the market, allowing its residents to purchase daily necessities at markets and stores through its “economic management improvement measures,” which is called the July 1st Measure, which was implemented under the principles of “Eradication of Average-ism” and “Evaluation by Earnings.” It reinforced corporate autonomy and accountability.</p>
2	<p>Amusement facilities have been modernized most notably since chairman Kim Jong-un came to power. There is a water park in Pyongyang used not only by the citizens of Pyongyang but also foreign tourists. It is equipped with 27 slides, indoor and outdoor swimming pools, a gym and a rock-climbing wall, among others. What is this place called?(low)</p> <p>① Munsu Water Park ② Gaesun Youth Park ③ Mangyongdae Playground ④ Reungra People Amusement Park</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 Munsu Water Park began to be constructed at the beginning of 2013 at the behest of Kim Jong-un. Its completion ceremony took place on October 15, 2013. On an area of 109,000m², the water park has 27 slides, indoor and outdoor swimming pools, a gym and a rock-climbing wall, among others.</p>
3	<p>What does the following explain? (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>This ideology was Kim Il-sung’s self-reliance doctrine, which affected all areas in North Korea including politics, economy, society, culture, and even the values and daily lives of the residents. It began to be discussed from the 1950s, its name was established around 1967, and it was clearly stated in the Constitution in 1972 as the ruling ideology of North Korea.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Juche Idea</p> <p>【Explanation】 North Korea propagandized the Juche Idea, claiming to establish a self-reliant system. The Juche Idea of North Korea is the thought of Kim Il-sung used for ruling the people of North Korea, and it emerged in the process of establishing a self-reliant system externally and solidifying the one-man ruling system internally.</p>
4	<p>Which is NOT correct about school life in North Korea? (medium)</p> <p>① Mandatory education starts at pre-school from ‘a higher class’. ② Once assigned, teachers in charge are not changed until graduation. ③ College students also wear uniforms. ④ Uniforms differ from school to school.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 The 12-year mandatory education starts at pre-school from ‘a higher class’. Once</p>

NO	문항
	assigned, teachers in charge are not changed until graduation as in Germany and Denmark. College students also wear uniforms to school, which are the same nationwide. Schools are distinguished not by uniforms but by buttons and badges.
5	<p>The type metal of the Koryeo Dynasty (produced before 1361) is said to have been up to 210~270 years ahead of the type metal of Germany. From May 15, 2007, South and North Korea conducted a joint excavation survey at Manwoldae, the palace site of the Goryeo Dynasty, and found out one more piece of type of “Jeon”, the oldest type metal in the world, in 2015. In which region in North Korea is the palace site of the Goryeo Dynasty located? (low)</p> <p>① Pyongyang ② Cheongjin ③ Gaesung ④ Hamheung</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 The type metal estimated to be the product of the Goryeo era was found during the 7th joint exaction survey conducted by South and North Korea in the Manwoldae area of Gaesung. The South and North Korean Historians’ Association said in the “briefing of the 2015 results of excavation in Gaesung Manwoldae ”that“19 building sites and more than 3,500 relics were found in the excavation survey of the 7,000㎡ site at the western part of Manwoldae, Gaesung.”</p>
6	<p>What is the national flower of North Korea? (low)</p> <p>① Mugunghwa (or rose of Sharon) ② Rose ③ Mulan ④ Chrysanthemum</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 The mugunghwa was also North Korea’s national flower until the early 1960s. In 1964, however, North Korea changed its national flower to the mulan, which was officially sanctioned in 1991.</p>
7	<p>In North Korea, Chinese medical treatment was called Eastern Medicine and has been encouraged politically since the ceasefire in 1953. In 1993, Eastern Medicine was renamed for the “revival of the national identity.” What is the new name? (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Koryo Medicine</p> <p>【Explanation】 North Korea defines Koryo Medicine as a “precious medicinal heritage of our nation that has contributed to the treatment of diseases and protection and promotion of health with the unique remedies created during the long history of the nation.”</p>
8	<p>Gangwon Province exists in North Korea as well. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 Gangwon Province is in the North, too.</p>
9	<p>This place is home to North Korea’s special economic zone, which is located in a strategic position for triangular trade between China, Russia and North Korea. What is the name of this location? (medium)</p> <p>① Najin and Sunbong ② Shinuiju ③ Wonsan ④ Namyang</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p>

NO	문항
	<p>【Explanation】 The Najin and Sunbong Special Economic Zone, located on the border of China, Russia and North Korea, was formed to build a base for trade, tourism and finance by taking advantage of its geographical position.</p>
10	<p>In North Korea, the “Chollima Movement” is a representative public mobilization movement. In the Kim Jong-un era, a new slogan was made to emphasize making more efforts than Chollima. What is the new slogan? (medium)</p> <p>① Ichollima Movement ② Samchollima Movement ③ Ochollima Movement ④ Mallima Movement</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 ”Mallima” literally means a horse that can run 10,000-ri a day. The “Mallima Movement” is a new slogan that emerged in the Kim Jong-un era for more effort mobilization.</p>
11	<p>It is a high-rise apartment complex completed in November 2015, whose diverse shapes of apartment buildings have earned it the nickname Manhattan of Pyongyang. It is also home to the faculty members of Kim Chaek University of Technology. Which street is the passage talking about?(high)</p> <p>① Artists Street ② Mirae Scientists Street ③ Young Leaders Street ④ Triumph Street</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>【Explanation】 Mirae Scientists Street is a high-rise apartment complex built to promote the economic achievements of the Kim Jong-un era and raise awareness of the government’s focus on scientists. While touring the construction site of the housing for Kim Il-sung University’s faculty members in 2013, Chairman Kim Jong-un promised to build housing for faculty members and researchers of Kim Chaek University of Technology. He himself named the location ‘Mirae(Future) Scientists Street during an on-the-spot tour.</p>
12	<p>. It is possible to use KakaoTalk freely with a cell phone in North Korea. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not.(low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 The use of the Internet in North Korea is completely blocked. Only a few people can access information of the areas outside North Korea.</p>
13	<p>As the economic difficulties of North Korea worsened and its distribution system collapsed in the 1990s, black markets known as “Night Markets” and another type of illegal but standing market emerged in North Korea. The illegal trading of commodities such as rice, corn and certain industrial products became prevalent, and since then such black markets, along with a large-scale wholesale market have developed as specialized markets in North Korea. What is the Korean name for the North Korean markets which first introduced the market phenomenon in the country? (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Jangmadang</p> <p>【Explanation】 In the 1990s, North Korea was faced with severe disruption of its planned economy system and the widespread collapse of its distribution system. Jangmadang markets selling a range of food items became a permanent fixture, particularly in the northern part of the country. At first the</p>

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	farmers' markets were expanded to enable people to obtain food for survival, and these developed into large-scale distribution markets as merchants accumulated capital and emerged as so-called 'money owners'.
14	<p>In North Korea, bicycles also have license plates. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 In order to ride a bicycle in North Korea, you must have a bicycle license and display it on your bike as on a car. The bike licensing system began to take off in earnest in the late 1990s. It was first implemented in Pyongyang in 1997, and then expanded to the whole country in 1999.</p>
15	<p>North Korea has a subway system. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Pyongyang Metro currently runs on three lines: the Chollima Line which runs from north to south (1973), the Hyoksin Line which runs from east to west (1978), and the Mangyongdae Line which is an extension of the Chollima Line (1987).</p>
16	<p>As a high-altitude high-yielding crop, this crop is suitable for North Korea's geographical characteristics with plenty of mountainous terrain. Its cultivation area expanded greatly in the wake of the country's food shortages in the 1990s. Daehongdan-gun County is known as a representative producer of this crop. What is the name of this crop? (low)</p> <p>① Barley ② Corn ③ Potatoes ④ Sweet potatoes</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 Daehongdan-gun, located in the northeastern part of Ryanggang Province, has been selected as a demonstration area for potato farming. It currently has a large-scale demonstration farm, a potato research center and a potato processing plant.</p>
17	<p>In North Korea, there is a university established jointly by South and North Korea. What is the name of this university? (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Pyongyang University of Science & Technology Quasi Answer: Peace University of Science & Technology</p> <p>【Explanation】 Pyongyang University of Science & Technology is a special university and graduate school located in Seungli-dong, Nangnang Region of Pyongyang Direct-controlled City. It was established jointly by the Minister of Education of North Korea and the Northeast Asia Education and Culture Cooperation Foundation of Korea. The project began in 2001, but the opening of the university was postponed several times; it admitted new students from the fall of 2010. The university was established with the assistance of expatriates, universities in South Korea, and Christian circles. The departments in the undergraduate course and graduate school include IT Engineering, International Finance and Management, Agricultural Biotechnology, Medicine, and Dentistry.</p>
18	<p>What is the first foreign language of North Korea? (medium)</p> <p>① Russian ② Chinese ③ English ④ French</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p>

NO	문항
	<p>【Explanation】 English language education in North Korea started in 1964 when Russian and English were designated as the first foreign languages in middle schools, with each school having the option of choosing between the two. But as English became increasingly important, greater focus was placed on English starting in 1975, and Russian language education was abolished in the mid-1980s. English was designated as the country's only first foreign language in 1991.</p>
19	<p>This is a mass event that was held between 2002 and 2013 in North Korea. Such a large number of people (about 100,000) participated in this mass event that it was registered in the Guinness Book of Records. What is the name of this form of group gymnastics? (medium)</p> <p>① Chollima ② Nogodan ③ Moranbong ④ Arirang</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 “Arirang” consisted of gigantic mass games and art performances involving about 100,000 people.)</p>
20	<p>What does “Public Physical Training Promotion Room” mean in North Korea? (medium)</p> <p>① Sports complex ② Athletes’ village ③ Health club ④ Interior sports complex</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 In North Korea, the Public Physical Training Promotion Room means a health club for the public. The Public Physical Training Promotion Room located at the foot of Moranbong in Pyongyang is being operated by Chosun International Sports Cooperation Company, and the 2-story building measuring approximately 600㎡ is equipped with a physical training room, a rhythmic gymnastics room, a hand therapy and massage room, a fatigue recovery room, etc.</p>
21	<p>This Buddhist temple on Mt. Myohyang preserves the real body sarira of the Buddha. It is also home to a duplicate of the Tripitaka Koreana. What is the name of this temple? (medium)</p> <p>① Kwaneum Temple ② Samsung Temple ③ Shinky Temple ④ Bohyun Temple</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 Built in 1042, Bohyun Temple at Mt. Myohyang is a representative architecture of eleventh-century Korea, and is the birthplace of Buddhism in North Korea. It is named after the Buddhist monk Bohyun. Its octagonal 13-story stone pagoda, built in the early Goryeo period, is widely regarded as one of the most beautiful pagodas in Korea.</p>
22	<p>Which cultural asset is NOT located in Gaesung? (medium)</p> <p>① Sonjuk Bridge ② Koryo Songgyungwan University ③ Singye Temple ④ Tomb of King Kongmin</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 Singye Temple is located in Mt. Geumgang. Through joint work between South and North Korea, the restoration of its Taeung Hall was completed in November 2004. Its 14 pavilions were all restored by 2007 and South and North Korea held a dedication ceremony jointly on October 13.</p>
23	<p>What is the North Korean equivalent of the South Korean standard language? v</p> <p>① Juche language ② Paekdu language</p>

NO	문항
	<p>③ Munhwao language ④ Munmyongo language</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 In 1966, North Korea designated the Pyongyang dialect used by the working class as its standard language and named it Munhwao (literally the culture language).</p>
24	<p>The No. 1 National Treasure of South Korea is Sungraemun Gate. Which of the following is the No. 1 National Treasure of North Korea? (high)</p> <p>① Mt. Baekdu ②Pyongyang Fortress ③ The Tomb of King Dongmyung ④ The Tomb of Dangun</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>【Explanation】 The cultural assets of North Korea are classified into National Treasures, Semi-National Treasures, National Treasure Site and Semi-National Treasure Site(preservation grade) according to their heritage value. North Korea's No. 1 National Treasure Site is Pyongyang Fortress.</p>
6. Understanding the Peace In Korean Peninsula	
1	<p>Forgiveness becomes really meaningful when there is agreement between the person asking for forgiveness and the person who forgive. Which of the following is NOT appropriate as the perpetrators' attitude when they are asking for forgiveness? (high)</p> <p>① They must repent of their mistakes with a sincere heart. ② They have to look at victims with pity. ③ They must confess the mistakes they and their group have made. ④ They must compensate for the damage they caused due to their fault.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>On the other hand, those who have to forgive should try to look at perpetrators with compassion and empathy without being overwhelmed by negative emotions. They need a determination and will not to take any revenge on them.</p>
2	<p>The following describe examples of difference and discrimination. Which one describes what is different from the rest? (high)</p> <p>① Different people have different motor skills ② Paying different wages based on gender ③ Existence of different food cultures depending on the region ④ Having different skin colors from birth</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>【Explanation】 It is a difference that people's athletic abilities are different, their skin colors are diverse, and their food culture varies from region to region; It is discrimination to treat people favorably or unfavorably because of their differences in gender, region, country, age, etc.</p>
3	<p>Which of the following is DIFFICULT to see as the cause of a conflict? (low)</p>

NO	문항
	<p>① Resolving conflicts of interest through dialogue and compromise ② Distrust or misunderstanding arising from various human relationships ③ Differences in view of interpreting events or data differently ④ Differences in values based on diverse faiths, beliefs, and cultures</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>[Explanation] Resolving conflicts of interest through dialogue, compromise, and concession corresponds to the process and method of resolving conflicts.</p>
4	<p>'Discrimination' refers to 'being not the same, being different, or being in that state' while 'difference' refers to 'imposing disadvantages based on differences without reasonable grounds.' Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>[Explanation] Differences are characteristics that can distinguish each other, including those in personality, religion, and gender between human beings; Discrimination refers to favorable/unfavorable treatment of others including gender discrimination, education discrimination, and foreigner discrimination.</p>
5	<p>Which is NOT appropriate as a concrete measure to create a peaceful world? (low)</p> <p>① Acting as a peer mediator in school ② Attaching a badge or label that symbolizes peace ③ Exploring the roles of the international community for world peace ④ Cultivating one's own skills to be ahead of one's opponents in all activities</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p>
6	<p>Write a word that fits () in the following passage. (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>What is suggested to overcome various conflicts and achieve social integration as society changes into a multicultural society is (). () aims for a society where various cultures coexist by people acknowledging and respecting each other's different cultures.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Multi-culturalism</p> <p>[Explanation] Multiculturalism is an attitude or position in which residents flexibly accommodate different cultures into their own institution. A multicultural society refers to a community where citizens with different cultural backgrounds in race, religion, and language live together.</p>
7	<p>Among the concepts of peace, 'positive peace' refers to a social condition without exploitation and structural violence - not just the absence of war. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] Maintaining order by force without war is called negative peace; A state where structural</p>

NO	문항
8	<p>and cultural violence has disappeared and a social structure without exploitation has been created is called positive peace.</p> <p>What type of peace theory does the following passage describe? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>This theory of peace seeks to achieve a vision for a more peaceful and sustainable world by looking at issues such as war, poverty, food and security, resource conflict, and environmental destruction. This theory of peace demands an attitude of peaceful coexistence of humans and nature beyond finding solutions to a reality in which conflicts related to nature and resources are increasing.</p> </div> <p>① Ecological peace theory ② Democratic peace theory ③ Market peace theory ④ Feminist peace theory</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>[Explanation] The passage describes the ecological peace theory, which claims that peace is not just related to political or social issues and also raises questions about how to peacefully share resources and what should a sustainable type of cooperative lifestyle look like, among others.</p>
9	<p>The following are explanations of the concept of peace. Which is the wrong explanation? (high)</p> <p>① In human history, the idea of peace has existed in most regions. ② Shalom means peace in Hebrew. ③ In India, the word Shanthi meant peace. ④ In ancient Greece, peace was considered a value that should be extended beyond the nation to the entire human race.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] The ancient Greeks valued a peaceful life, but they never extended it outside the state. Peaceful relations between humans were considered essential only within a border.</p>
10	<p>Born in Oslo, Norway in 1930, this person is a peace scholar, founded the Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO), and played a leading role in the founding of the International Peace Research Association (IPRA). The person divided peace into “negative peace” without direct violence including war and “positive peace” with indirect or structural violence because structural problems involved in conflicts have been solved. Who is this person that is called the founder of modern peace studies or peace research? (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Johan Galtung / Galtung</p> <p>[Explanation] Johan Galtung is a Norwegian peace scholar.</p>
11	<p>Who is the American politician who said the following about war and peace? (medium)</p>

NO	문항
	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center;">“There was never a good war, or a bad peace.”</p> </div> <p>① Benjamin Franklin ② John Kennedy ③ Harry Truman ④ Joe Biden</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>[Explanation] Benjamin Franklin, a politician and thinker from the founding period of the United States, sent a letter to an acquaintance stating, “There was never a good war, or a bad peace.” It has become the most frequently cited phrase when people emphasize peace.</p>
12	<p>The following is the thought of peace inherent in Koreans’ tradition. Write the most suitable word for the parentheses. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Various discussions have continued about peace in our history. Most notably, Wonhyo's () idea calls on people to refrain from getting obsessed with any single theory and communicate with others about other theories in order to overcome confrontation and move up to a higher level of wisdom. The idea of () advocated by Wonhyo of Silla was passed down to Uicheon and Jinul during the Goryeo Dynasty, laying the foundation for Korean Buddhism.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Hwajaeng</p> <p>[Explanation] Wonhyo's ideology of ‘hwajaeng’ presents the spirit of peaceful coexistence of people with various value systems as its central value. Wonhyo interpreted hwajaeng as the efforts of each theory to break from its own obsession and communicate with other theories, thereby getting over confrontation and advancing to a higher level of wisdom. The Buddhist ideology hwajaeng calling for communication with various sects about theoretical confrontations and integrate them at a higher level originated from Wonhyo of Silla and was passed down to Uicheon and Jinul during the Goryeo Dynasty, laying the groundwork for Korean Buddhism. In addition, Joseon's political ideology also respected the spirit of peace by embracing and developing the traditional Confucian values of peace pursuing neighborly relations without war and harmonious circumstances without conflict or controversy.</p>
13	<p>Norwegian peace scholar Johan Galtung divided violence into direct violence, structural violence, and cultural violence. Which of the following is NOT correct as a description of the characteristics of structural violence? (high)</p> <p>① It is difficult to consistently explain the offenders of violence. ② The specific form of violence is not always clearly revealed. ③ It is specific violence such as war, physical assault, and terrorism. ④ It is caused by a repressive structure and has an indirect character.</p>

NO	문항
	<p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>[Explanation] Galtung says that open, specific violence such as war, physical assault, and terrorism is called direct violence.</p>
14	<p>What is NOT appropriate as an explanation of Johan Galtung's concept of peace? (high)</p> <p>① Negative peace means 'the absence of structural and cultural violence' beyond the absence of war. ② It aims to end direct, structural and cultural violence through the concept of positive peace. ③ He insisted that it is important to understand the conditions for preventing violence for peace. ④ He insisted that positive peace should be linked both at the international level and at the domestic level.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>[Explanation] Galtung's concept of peace is focused on positive peace. He argues that it should not be aimed solely at ending direct and structural violence, and that it is important to understand the conditions under which violence can be prevented. To that end, he argues that peace and violence must be grasped in relation to all aspects of human life.</p>
15	<p>The following is one of the reasons why peace is necessary on the Korean Peninsula in the 21st century. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The reason peace is needed on the Korean peninsula is, above all else, that it protects people from the dangers of war, which destroys the precious lives and homes needed for survival.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] The current unstable situation on the Korean Peninsula is based on the 1953 Armistice Agreement. Since the "ceasefire" is not the "end of war," the Korean Peninsula has continued to suffer a situation where the war has not completely ended, at least under international law. Therefore, the Korean peninsula is becoming an area where war can break out suddenly at any time, even by minor occasions. The complete elimination of the risk of war on the Korean peninsula is bound to the breakdown of the hostile structure of inter-Korean relations, promote peace between the two Koreas, and institutionalize a peace regime on the peninsula.</p>
16	<p>Which is NOT appropriate as an explanation of the concept and direction of public diplomacy? (low)</p> <p>① Public diplomacy is a new form of diplomacy targeting the general public of the country, not foreign governments or international organizations. ② Given the peculiarity of the Korean peninsula issue, public diplomacy advocating peace and unification should be implemented to expand the content of public diplomacy. ③ Public diplomacy advocating peace and unification should be promoted exclusively by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. ④ The target of public diplomacy advocating peace and unification should be expanded to include the youth, journalists, and journalists and people engaged in arts and culture.</p>

NO	문항
	<p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>[Explanation] Public diplomacy is not the traditional way of diplomacy targeting foreign governments or international organizations, but a new form of diplomacy targeting the general public of the relevant countries. Given the peculiarities of the Korean peninsula issue, public diplomacy for peace and unification should seek to expand its contents on the peninsula. Public diplomacy for peace and unification should be promoted with a cooperative system at various levels rather than being exclusively promoted by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. Public diplomacy for peace and reunification needs to be expanded to include not only politicians and intellectuals in the country concerned, but also young generations, journalists, and people engaged in arts and culture.</p>
17	<p>The following is an explanation of peace and reunification on the Korean Peninsula. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Peace and unification are inextricably linked on the Korean peninsula. The preamble of the Korean Constitution refers to “the mission of peaceful unification and the contribution to world peace and the common prosperity of mankind.” In addition, Article 5 mentions ‘endeavors to maintain international peace and renunciation of all aggressive wars,’ clarifying the country’s orientation for peace. The ROK is a country pursuing peace both universally and regionally. A peaceful unification is what we all must pursue transcending our differences in political positions.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] In the 21st century, peace and pacifism are emerging as a key concept for understanding the division and unification of the Korean peninsula. Peace and unification are inextricably linked on the Korean Peninsula. The preamble of the constitution of the Republic of Korea contains both the universal direction of mankind pursuing world peace and the desire of the people of the republic for peaceful unification. The preamble of the constitution refers to “the mission of peaceful reunification and the contribution to world peace and the common prosperity of mankind,” with Article 5 clearly stating the orientation toward peace by declaring “endeavors to maintain international peace and renunciation of all aggressive wars, etc.” And the constitution stipulates that the President shall have the duty to pursue sincerely the peaceful unification of the homeland.</p>
18	<p>Which is NOT correct as an explanation of the relationship between peace and unification? (low)</p> <p>① Unification is essential to remove the danger of war and realize peace on the Korean Peninsula.</p> <p>② To achieve unification, it needs to use both violent and peaceful means depending on the situation on the Peninsula.</p> <p>③ Ultimately, a peaceful community can be realized only when unification is achieved through peaceful means and methods.</p> <p>④ Unification and peace are like two wheels for a human-like, happy, and prosperous future on the Peninsula.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p>

NO	문항
	<p>[Explanation] Unification is indispensable to realizing peace and eliminating the dangers of war on the Peninsula. Also, unification must be achieved through peaceful means and methods in order to properly realize peace itself. If the unification means and methods are not peaceful and involve violence, the result will be a violent system governing a unified Korea. Unification and peace are the two wheels steering the cart forward to a bright future of the Korean Peninsula where humans can live happily and in abundance.</p>
19	<p>In October 2020, BTS of Korea, veterans of the Korean War in the United States, and the Korea Chamber of Commerce were awarded () for their contributions to the development of US-Korea relations. What's the name of the award suitable for the parentheses? (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Van Fleet Award</p> <p>[Explanation] The “Van Fleet Award” was established in 1995 in honor of General James Van Fleet, who participated in the Korean War as commander of the 8th US Army. On the occasion of the 70th anniversary of the Korean War in 2020, former US Congressman Charles Rangel, on behalf of the Korean War veterans in the United States, and Salvatore Scarlato, the president of the New York State Korean War Veterans Association, won the award. The Korea Chamber of Commerce and Industry was also selected as a joint winner. BTS also won the award for sparking a fever in the United States and around the world and contributing to the development of US-Korea relations with their music and messages.</p>
20	<p>If a ceasefire agreement or an armistice agreement is an agreement to stop disputes in military terms, () is an agreement intended to pursue stability and peace in not only military but political, economic and social dimensions as well. What is the suitable word for ()? (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] a peace agreement</p> <p>[Explanation] A peace agreement is defined as a comprehensive agreement concluded as a legal and political mechanism to end armed conflicts between the parties to a dispute, institutionalize reconciliation and coexistence, and ensure peace for all parties involved moving forward.</p>
21	<p>Unification benefits can be classified into economic benefits and non-economic benefits. Which of the following is NOT part of economic benefits? (low)</p> <p>① Resolution of the separated family issue ② Efficient distribution of production factors ③ Reduction of logistics cost and increase in overseas investment ④ Reduction of division costs such as defense and diplomatic expenses</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>[Explanation] Non-economic benefits include the resolution of the separated family issue, the enhancement of international status, and the elimination of the risk of war, and the expansion of opportunities for tourism, leisure, and cultural services.</p>
22	<p>UNESCO emphasized that in order to preserve peace without war, respect for cultural diversity must be</p>

NO	문항
	<p>prerequisite in its 2001 Universal Declaration on Cultural Diversity. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] The 2001 UNESCO “Universal Declaration on Cultural Diversity” emphasizes tolerance and respect for cultural diversity, win-win and cooperation in a multicultural society.</p>
23	<p>What is the correct order of the words in the following (a), (b), (c), and (d)? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The Korean War which broke out in 1950 did not reach the (a) on July 27, 1953. It was put into a state of (b). Since (c) is not (d), a battlefield situation in which war had not completely ended according to international law.</p> </div> <p>① Ceasefire - end of war - ceasefire - end of war ② End of war - ceasefire - end of war - ceasefire ③ Ceasefire - end of war - end of war - ceasefire ④ End of war - ceasefire - ceasefire - end of war</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] The Korean War did not end on July 27, 1953. It was put in a state of ceasefire. Since the cease-fire is not the end of the war, the Korean peninsula still remains a battlefield under international law.</p>
24	<p>Write the concepts described below. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>It refers to the violation of life, exploitation, and mental repression committed against members of the Korean Peninsula in the name of the division in the situation of division. It is occurring in various fields such as inter-Korean society, inter-Korean relations, and international relations around the Korean peninsula.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] division violence</p> <p>[Explanation] Various types of violence that people would not have to suffer if Korea were not divided are called division violence collectively. In order to overcome this violence caused by the division, South Korea and North Korea must continue to seek and develop a new relationship in which they can coexist and co-prosper.</p>
25	<p>평 Which is NOT right as an explanation of peace building? (medium)</p> <p>① It was officially used in the 1992 UN report titled an [Agenda for Peace] for the first time. ② It focuses on ending armed conflicts or war and monitoring compliance with a truce or peace treaty. ③ It means establishing peace through reconstruction of the state and society after the war, establishment of social systems, and restoration of relations between groups and individuals. ④ The divided Korean peninsula is the most important task facing the 21st century, and it is necessary to completely build and stabilize peace on the Korean peninsula.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p>

NO	문항
	<p>[Explanation] Ending armed clashes or wars between states and groups is called “peacemaking” while monitoring compliance with a truce or peace treaty is generally referred to as “maintaining peace.” “Peace building” goes beyond that level. It is based on the assertion that war prevention and peace settlement are possible only through reconstruction of the state and society after the war, establishment of social institutions and capacity building of society members, and restoration of relations between groups and individuals.</p>
26	<p>The following is an explanation of the situation on the Korean Peninsula in the 21st century. Write the appropriate word in (). (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>At the 21st International Red Cross Congress in 1969, it was declared that "Man has the right to enjoy lasting peace." In 1976, the UN Commission on Human Rights recognized human (). Also, in 1978 and 1984, the UN General Assembly adopted the '() Declaration'.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] right to peace</p> <p>[Explanation] According to the "Declaration of the Right to Peace" adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations, human rights are “those that are inherent in all humans as they are born as humans,” and they are essential for humans to enjoy a human life. Human life means a life that preserves 'dignity as a human being.' Peace is a necessary condition for the protection of human rights and human dignity. Therefore, human dignity and human rights cannot be respected without the existence of genuine peace. In this regard, peace not only helps realize human dignity. It is also the only way to achieve the goals, too.</p>
27	<p>Write the appropriate for the parentheses. (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The French author Voltaire mentioned the importance of (), saying, "Let the minor differences that exist between the dusts called humans do not become excuses for hatred and persecution." Jürgen Habermas figured that the political culture of (), which embraces even heterogeneity, and the value of coexistence that acknowledges the existence of the other are the key factors in which democracy is practically consolidated beyond the institutional level.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] tolerance</p> <p>[Explanation] "Hate" is being viewed as a problem in all societies, but the division of the Korean peninsula caused the issue of hate to arise in a specific way under the division structure, which has also served as a factor that helps form and enforce a uniform culture. A uniform culture imposes homogeneity and does not tolerate differences, which leads to the intolerance of existing differences and the hatred of them as a whole. To overcome such hatred and a uniform culture, a culture of tolerance is necessary, and peace is an essential condition for the formation of such a culture of tolerance.</p>

NO	문항
28	<p>Which is NOT correct as an explanation of the desirable state of peace on the Korean peninsula? (medium)</p> <p>① The formation of a peace community and an economic community between the two Koreas is a vision to pursue win-win economic cooperation while eliminating the risk of recurrence of war.</p> <p>② The peace regime on the Korean peninsula promotes institutionalization of multilateral security cooperation in Northeast Asia while the deepening of interdependence in Northeast Asia contributes to the formation of a peace regime on the Korean peninsula.</p> <p>③ True peace on the Korean peninsula refers to a situation in which ordinary people can realize their dreams in their daily lives that have become stable.</p> <p>④ In order to realize a peaceful Korean peninsula, rather than focusing on the realization of democracy, it is necessary to avoid the contradiction of division and make various efforts to establish permanent peace first.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] To realize a peaceful and fair Korean peninsula, democratization is essential. The realization of democracy is required to realize a fair society where discrimination and inequality are eliminated. The development of democracy can contribute not only to the resolution of human rights issues, but also to peace on the Korean peninsula and to the stability of the world.</p>
29	<p>Which is NOT appropriate as a description of the realization of everyday peace? (medium)</p> <p>① Everyday peace refers to living a life safely without threats in everyday life</p> <p>② Everyday peace requires a peaceful situation without the fear and threat of war.</p> <p>③ Everyday peace allows individuals to live fully under their current living conditions.</p> <p>④ The issue of national security must be addressed at the entire humanity level as it threatens everyday peace through poverty, hunger, and infectious diseases.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] It is peace that is absolutely required in a situation where conflict and confrontation exist like on the Korean Peninsula. Peace primarily refers to everyday peace in which people can live safely without threats to their daily lives. Peace ultimately means a condition for living a life of dignity or a condition in which doing so is possible. Everyday peace allows individuals to live fully without fear of war or violence. Everyday peace presupposes a situation where there is no fear and threat of war. In everyday peace, individuals' views and thoughts should be free, and freedom of expression should be guaranteed while specific ideologies are not being imposed. Everyday peace can begin by dealing with human security issues that threaten everyday peace, such as poverty, hunger and infectious diseases. After all, everyday peace means a state in which people can enjoy peace in everyday life and realize human security in all fields by removing elements that threaten dignity in the areas of food, health, environment, and freedom, beyond the absence of war or physical violence.</p>
30	<p>The following is an explanation of one of the measures required to establish peace. Write a common term for the parentheses. (medium)</p>

NO	문항
	<p>Adjacent concepts related to () include arms restrictions, military confidence-building measures (CBMs), and disarmament. In general, () can be divided into the operational (), which restricts the operation of military power, such as deployment, movement, and training of troops and weapons, and the structural (), which focuses on reducing the scale and related structures of military power.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] arms control</p> <p>[Explanation] Arms control refers to all measures that limit the development, deployment, use, and spread of military power. It is aimed at preventing the threat of war by increasing the transparency of military power and increasing trust between countries. Military power in this context includes conventional weapons and weapons of mass destruction, but the target and scope of specific arms control is limited by agreement between the parties. Adjacent concepts related to arms control include arms restrictions, military confidence-building measures (CBMs), and disarmament. In general, arms control can be divided into the operational arms control, which restricts the operation of military forces such as deployment, movement, and training of troops and weapons, and the structural arms control, which focuses on reducing the scale and related structures of military forces. In Europe during the Cold War, both East and West camps began to discuss the operational arms control and then proceeded to talk about the structural arms control. On the Korean peninsula, South Korea has placed relative importance on the operational arms control while North Korea has emphasized the structural arms control. Given the military reality of the Korean peninsula, it is reasonable to take a step-by-step approach to realizing disarmament through trust-building measures or progress in the operational arms control.</p>
31	<p>Write the name of the journalism described below. (high)</p> <p style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">It refers to a phenomenon in which reports on North Korea and inter-Korean relations end up being negative rather than maintaining fairness and accuracy due to the division situation facing the two Koreas.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] division journalism</p> <p>[Explanation] The reasons for the emergence of division journalism in our society include excessive ideological intervention by journalists and the press, limitations of coverage and lack of information, and a production environment in which articles must be produced in a hurry. As a result, misinformation, unconfirmed articles, and ideologically biased articles often appear, creating social conflict.</p>
32	<p>Which is NOT as ignatory to the armistice agreement of the Korean War?(low)</p> <p>① The Republic of Korea ② The Democratic People's Republic of Korea ③ The USA ④ China</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>[Explanation] It was the Republic of Korea that did not sign the armistice agreement of 1953.</p>
33	<p>If the Korean Peninsula is connected by railway to China, Russia, Mongolia and Europe, a united Korea will be able to reduce its logistical costs and increase the number of both inbound and outbound tourists to and from these areas by rail.</p>

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	<p>To that end, the () railway connecting South and North Korea should be linked to the Trans-Siberian Railway (TSR) and the Trans-China Railway (TCR) first, which will require inter-Korean exchange and cooperation above all else.</p> <p>Write the name of the railway line in the blank space above.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(Medium)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">[Answer] Trans-Korean Railway (TKR, Trans-Korean Railway)</p>
34	<p>Because of the delayed unification, South and North Korea must bear various costs, including the cost of dealing with the following issues. Write down the names of such costs. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Humanitarian issues, including confirmation of separated family members' survival, meetings and reunions of separated families. •Excessive defense spending issues due to military confrontation between South and North Korea •Geopolitical issues that prevent South Koreans from advancing into the continent by land, even though South Korea is part of the continent. •Diplomatic issues that compel the two Koreas to compete unnecessarily in the international community. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Division costs</p> <p>[Explanation] The term “division costs” refers to all the expenses that we will have to bear for as long as the national division continues. Division costs include tangible costs that we can calculate and intangible costs that we cannot calculate. Tangible costs include the costs of national security, diplomacy, and maintenance of the political system. Intangible costs refer to costs associated with social problems, such as the fear of war, the suffering of separated families, ideological conflicts, and restrictions on land use accompanied by unbalanced economic growth. Thus intangible costs are also called social costs.</p>
35	<p>The benefits of unification are hard to calculate since they include a number of items that cannot be quantified easily. However, once unification is realized, the two Koreas will no longer have to pay the costs of division, and the money saved will henceforth be invested in a united Korea instead, and this investment will continue to generate further unification benefits. Therefore, the unification benefits will outweigh the unification costs. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] Unification costs are paid temporarily and therefore their scope is limited, whereas unification benefits will be large enough to offset unification costs within a certain period of time and, moreover, the benefits have ever-lasting effects.</p>
36	<p>What compound word means the total economic and non-economic compensation and benefits that unification will bring? (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Tangible unification benefits</p> <p>[Explanation] Tangible unification benefits include the reduction of defense budgets, elimination of diplomatic competition costs, expansion of the domestic market, and increased supplementary economic</p>

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	<p>functions between the two halves of the Korean Peninsula. Intangible benefits include the resolution of the separated family issue, elimination of the risk of war, improvement of Korea's international standing, increased self-reliance, enlargement of the geographical areas where citizens can travel on a daily basis, and the promotion of cultural diversity.</p>
37	<p>This facility was opened in 1999 to protect and support North Korean refugees more effectively as their number had increased greatly. It provides them with resettlement and vocational training. What is the name of this facility? (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Office to Support the Settlement of North Korean Refugees (Hanawon)</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Hanawon helps North Korean refugees to settle into South Korean society. After undergoing a joint investigation by the authorities, they are helped to achieve psychological and emotional stability through various intensive counselling services on their difficulties and offered guidance on their life in South Korea. The Hanawon also provides them with resettlement and vocational training so they can adapt to South Korean society as quickly as possible. There are two offices including Hanawon 1 in Anseong and Hanawon II in Hwacheon.</p>
38	<p>The National Unification Advisory Council(NUAC) was established in accordance with Article 92 of the Constitution of the Republic of Korea as a presidential consultative body for the formulation of peaceful unification policies under the direct control of the president. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[정답] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 Article 92 of the Constitution of the Republic of Korea states, “The National Unification Advisory Council (NUAC) shall be established to advise the President on the formulation of peaceful unification policies.”</p>
39	<p>Launched to expedite the development of international inland transportation in Asia, this project will connect about thirty countries-including Japan, South Korea, North Korea, China, India, Turkey and Russia-along eight major routes covering a distance of 140,000 kilometers. What is the name of the project referred to in the acronym ‘AH’? (medium)</p> <p>① Asia-Europe Dream Way ② Asia-Europe High-Speed Way ③ Asian Highway ④ Asian Hi-Pass</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 The “Asian Highway Project” connecting Asia and Europe is being promoted by the UN’s Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP). South Korea is linked to the AH1 route connecting Japan-South Korea-North Korea-China-India-Turkey and the AH6 route connecting South Korea-North Korea-Russia.</p>
40	<p>What does NOT fall under the social cost of division described below? (low)</p>

NO	문항
	<p>There are many costs that cannot be estimated financially, which can be called intangible costs in that they cannot not identified in detail. They can also be called 'social costs' in that they are related to social issues.</p> <p>① Pain of separated families ② Ideological conflict and confrontation ③ Fear of the possibility of war ④ Security costs for national defense</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] Of division costs, intangible costs are also called social costs which include fear of war, suffering of separated families, ideological conflict and confrontation and restrictions on the use of land as well as lost opportunity costs due to geographical constraints leading to the unbalanced development of the country.</p>
41	<p>Once the Inter-Korean Railway is completed, this city is expected to grow into the largest logistical base in the world as it will connect the Eurasian Continent, with its population of four billion people distributed over an immense area of 55 million square kilometers, to the Pacific Ocean. What is the name of this port city located on the southeastern edge of the Korean Peninsula, which is currently the 5th largest trading port in the world? (low)</p> <p>① Busan ② Masan ③ Pohang ④ Yeosu</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p>
42	<p>Which term does the following refer to? (medium)</p> <p>Diplomatic activities that improve diplomatic relations by securing a bond of sympathy with the history, tradition, culture, arts, values, policy, vision, etc. of the nation through direct communication with foreign countries and increase the influence of the nation in the international society by enhancing the national image and the national brand</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Public diplomacy</p> <p>【Explanation】 Public diplomacy refers to the diplomatic activities that improve diplomatic relations and increase the diplomatic influence of the nation in the international society by securing a bond of sympathy and trust with our history, tradition, culture, arts, values, policy, vision, etc. through direct communication with foreign countries. Considering the complexity of the unification issue, it is necessary to complement the traditional “government vs. government” diplomacy with public diplomacy.</p>
43	<p>The unified Korean team began to use the Korean Peninsula flag instead of their respective national flags at the 6th FIFA World Youth Championship held in 1991 in Lisbon, Portugal. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 The international sporting event at which the two Koreas first used the Korean Peninsula flag, rather than their respective national flags, was the 41st World Table Tennis Championships held in Chiba, Japan in April 1991.</p>
44	<p>This is the representative mineral resource of North Korea. It is said that huge reserves of around 6</p>

NO	문항
	<p>billion tons of this mineral are deposited throughout the country. While the dead burned mineral is used in the steel industry, the light burned mineral is used mainly in the agricultural industry, as well as being used in electrical insulators and fire-retardant materials. Write down the name of this mineral. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Magnesite</p> <p>[Explanation] Danchun in North Hamgyeong Province is home to North Korea's major magnesite reserves. North Korea ranks third in the world in terms of magnesite reserves.</p>
45	<p>The () on the Korean peninsula means a state in which solid peace is guaranteed legally, institutionally and substantially on the peninsula through an official end to the state of war between the two Koreas and related countries. What is the appropriate word in ()? (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] peace regime</p> <p>[Explanation] The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Korea defines a peace regime on the Korean Peninsula as a state where solid peace is guaranteed legally, institutionally and substantially on the Peninsula through an official end to the state of war between the two Koreas and related countries.</p>
7. Modern Nation-Building Movements and Japanese Invasion	
1	<p>Fill out the names of the three countries in the parentheses. (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>The second special envoy Kim Hong-jip brought 'A Policy for Korea' written by a Qing Dynasty diplomat Huang Zunxian from Japan and presented it to King Gojong. 'A Policy for Korea' contained an argument that Joseon must join forces with (), (), and () to block Russian advance into south. When informed of the contents of 'A Policy for Korea', Confucian scholars in Yeongnam strongly protested it by submitting a maninso (literally ten thousand people's petition) among others.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] China, Japan and the US</p> <p>[Explanation] The most notable in 'A Policy for Korea' was the recommendation that Joseon achieve self-strengthening by being like family to China, linking up with Japan and allying with the United States to block Russia from advancing south.</p>
2	<p>What government office does the passage refer to as the one established in 1880 for efficient implementation of the opening policy? (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>After signing the Japan-Korea Treaty of 1875, the Joseon government established () as the department in charge of the opening policy under which 12 divisions were installed for handling various works including diplomacy, commerce, military affairs, etc.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Tongnigimu-amun</p> <p>[Explanation] Soon after signing the Japan-Korea Treaty of 1875, the Joseon government established Tongnigimu-amun as the department in charge of the opening policy, installed 12 divisions in it to handle practical matters, and appointed proponents of the enlightenment movement.</p>
3	<p>The Joseon Dynasty established the Bakmunguk and equipped it with modern equipment and facilities to</p>

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	<p>take charge of printing and publishing the Hanseong Sunbo. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[정답] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 Bangmunguk was a public agency established in August 1883 (the 20th year of King Gojong) to take charge of printing and publication. It was closed in July 1888.</p>
4	<p>What was the name of the patriotic enlightenment organization that steadfastly protested Japan’s demand for the right to develop wild land in Korea during the Russo-Japanese War and got the demand withdrawn? (high)</p> <p>① Boanhoe (Korean Preservation Council) ② Sinminhoe (the New People’s Association) ③ Independence Club ④ Hwangguk Hyeophoe (Imperial Association)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 Boanhoe (Korea Preservation Society) had Japan’s 1904 demand withdrawn for wasteland reclamation right.</p>
5	<p>In 1882, troops belonging to old-fashioned military units were raising complaints about the discriminatory treatment compared to “Byeolgigun,” or modern military forces. The soldiers were not paid for 13 consecutive months; when their pay was eventually given in the form of rice, it was found to contain lots of chaff and sand. They then asked Regent Heungseon to support them and attacked the houses of high-ranking government officials, Japanese legation, palaces, etc. What is this incident called? (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Imogunran (The Imo Incident)</p> <p>【Explanation】 Troops belonging to old-fashioned military units who were treated poorly compared to Byeolgigun rose up in Imogunran in 1882.</p>
6	<p>Which is appropriate for the blank in the passage? (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>In the wake of the Gapsinjeongbyeon, the powers’ struggles over the Korean peninsula intensified, and German diplomat Budler in Joseon suggested () as a diplomatic strategy that the Joseon Dynasty should take.</p> </div> <p>① The theory of neutralization ② The Dongdo-Seogi philosophies ③ The theory of delegation ④ The theory of small country alliance</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[정답] ①</p> <p>[Explanation] In a situation where the Qing dynasty, Japan, the UK and Russia were competing over Joseon, the German acting-consul in the Joseon Dynasty proposed a neutralization proposal to the government.</p>
7	<p>Fill out the civilian authority of the Doghak Peasant’s Army in the parenthesis. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>After signing the Jeonju Peace Agreement, Donghak Peasant’ s Army established (), a</p> </div>

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	<p>self-governing civilian authority, in more than 50 regions throughout Jeollado Province to punish corrupt officials and immoral landowners and implement the political reforms they called for, such as abolition of the feudal status system.</p> <p>① Gunguk Gimucheo ② Jipgangso ③ Independence Association ④ Jeonhwanguk</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>[Explanation] The Joseon government accepted the reform plan of Doghak Peasant's Army for the retreat of both Japanese army and Qing army -- which came to Korea to quell Doghak Peasant's Army -- and signed the Jeonju Peace Agreement, which included the conditions for the retreat of Doghak Peasant's Army from Jeonju Castle. Doghak Peasant's Army practiced reforms by taking charge of public administration and public security through the establishment of Jipgangso, a self-governing civilian authority, in many places.</p>
8	<p>What incident was opposed by the editorial titled Siiryabangseongdaegok (Today we cry out in lamentation) below? (high)</p> <p>Jang Ji-yeon wrote an editorial titled "Siiryabangseongdaegok," which means "Today we cry out in lamentation," in Hwangseong Newspaper on November 20, 1905. He asserted the invalidity of the treaty, stressing that "the treaty does not come into existence as His Majesty, the Emperor, of our nation kept refusing it strongly."</p> <p>① Agwanpacheon (Korea royal refuge at the Russian legation) ② Ganghwado Treaty ③ The execution of the Eulsa Treaty ④ Joseon-Qing Trade Agreement</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>[Explanation] When the execution of the Eulsa Treaty was signed, an anti-Japanese movement occurred in all levels of society, and the public appeals continued. Jang Ji-yeon published "Siiryabangseongdaegok," an editorial that condemned the unfairness of the execution of the Eulsa Treaty, in Hwangseong Newspaper.</p>
9	<p>What agency is the passage referring to? (medium)</p> <p>This agency was temporarily established on June 11, 1894 (31st year of King Gojong's reign) for political reforms following the withdrawal of Donghak Peasants' Army from Jeonju Fortress in May. Resisting Japanese interference with the political reform plan, the agency laid out 12 specific reform measures on June 16, most of which were proposed by Donghak Peasants' Army. The agency was replaced by Gunguk Gimucheo (Deliberative Council) on June 25.</p> <p>① Gyojeongcheong ② Jungchuwon ③ Ujeongchongguk ④ Tongnigimu-amun</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>[Explanation] Following the execution of the Jeonju Peace agreement, the government set up Gyojeongcheong to carry out reforms on its own.</p>
10	<p>This daily newspaper published its first issue in 1904 in both Korean and English. A Briton named</p>

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	<p>Bethel was the publisher and the editor, and Yang Gi-tak worked as the manager. What is the name of this newspaper? (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] The Daehan Maeil Sinbo</p> <p>[Explanation] Among the newspapers published during the Great Korean Empire, the Daehan Maeil Sinbo was able to avoid the harsh censorship of Japan thanks to the publisher, a Briton named Bethel; it reported the actual fact of the movement of righteous armies to encourage and comfort the nation.</p>
11	<p>Which of the following persons was not dispatched to the Hague International Peace Conference of 1907 held in the Netherlands as a special envoy of Emperor Gojong? (high)</p> <p>① Yi Jun ② Yi Sang-sul ③ Yi Sang-jae ④ Yi Wi-jong</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>[Explanation] Yi Sang-jae worked for the government after the the execution of the Eulsa Treaty was signed but retired from public posts in the wake of the dissolution of the Army. He was not dispatched to The Hague. He worked as an independence activist during the Japanese occupation of Korea while serving as the chairman of YMCA Korea and the founding chairman of the Singanhoe.</p>
12	<p>Write the name of the treaty explained in the passage. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>This treaty was executed to end the Russo-Japanese War in September 1905. Article II of the treaty reads, “...The Imperial Russian Government, acknowledging that Japan possesses in Korea paramount political, military and economic interests, engages neither to obstruct nor interfere with measures for guidance, protection and control which the Imperial Government of Japan may find necessary to take in Korea...”</p> <p>The treaty essentially allowed Japan to secure exclusive control over Korea.</p> </div> <p>① The Cairo Declaration ② The Treaty of Portsmouth ③ The Treaty of Shimonoseki ④ The Taft-Katsura Agreement</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>[Explanation] The Treaty of Portsmouth was a peace treaty signed between Russia and Japan in Portsmouth, the USA, in September 1905 to end the Russo-Japanese War. In the treaty, Russia acknowledged Japan’s exclusive control over Korea.</p>
13	<p>Which modern reform movement was made with the following platform? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bring back Regent Heungseon as soon as possible and discontinue the empty formalities of paying tributes to Qing China. 2. Abolish lineage to establish equal rights of the people and appoint officials according to their abilities. 3. Root out cunning officials by reforming the land tax act, ease people’s hardships, and manage the nation’s finances wisely. 12. Have the Finance Department manage the nation’s finances and abolish all other financial offices. 13. Ministers and senior grade officials shall decide political affairs by holding meetings every day at </div>

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	<p>the office inside Uijeongbu (the present office for government coordination). -Kim Ok-gyun, “Gapsin Diary”-</p> <p>① Gwangmu Reform ② Gabo Reforms ③ Gapsin Coup ④ Donghak Peasant Revolution</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>[Explanation] The radical proponents of the enlightenment movement planned the Gapsin Coup as the interference of Qing China in domestic affairs intensified after Imogunran (The Imo Incident) and the conflict with the moderate proponents of the enlightenment movement deepened. They killed high-ranking government officials by seizing the opportunity at the celebratory party of the opening of the Bureau of Post Office and established the government of Gaehwadang (Enlightenment Party). Nonetheless, the coup ended in 3 days as the Japanese army did not keep its promise to support troops but retreated after the intervention of the Qing troops.</p>
14	<p>Write the name of the newspaper explained in the passage. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>This paper run by Yang Gi-tak and Bethel (British) among others between 1904 and 1910 was published in Korean, Korean mixed script, and English. As Bethel, a Briton, worked as its publisher, the paper could publish articles condemning various aspects of the Japanese invasion despite censorship and push aggressively for nationalist movements including the Nationwide Movement to Redeem the National Debt. This paper published Emperor Gojong’s letter claiming the illegality of the Eulsa Treaty and Shin Chae-ho’s ‘A New Reading of History’.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] The Daehan Maeil Sinbo</p> <p>[Explanation] The newspaper explained in the passage is the Daehan Maeil Sinbo.</p>
16	<p>It asserted, “Each nation has the right to decide its own political fate.” It became the ideological basis for the independence movements of the colonial minorities. President Wilson of the United States advocated the idea at the Paris Peace Conference, and it had a great influence on the March 1st Movement in Korea. Write the name of idea. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] national self-determination</p> <p>[Explanation] The Paris Peace Conference held after World War I adopted national self-determination as a basic principle, based on the proposition of President Wilson of the United States saying that ‘Each nation has the right to decide its own political destiny and cannot be interfered with by other nations.’ It argues that each nation should be allowed to decide on its own national independence issue.</p>
15	<p>The following is part of the “Theory of Oriental Peace.” Who wrote these words? (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The issues of “Theory of Oriental Peace” and “Korean Independence” are well-known to all the people of the world and are taken for granted by them but engraved in the hearts of Koreans and Qing people… Now, the invasive touch of Western forces is reaching the</p> </div>

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	<p>East, and the best way for Asians is to defend it with united efforts. Even a child knows it. Then why does Japan ignore this natural situation, try to win neighboring countries of the same race, and let Western forces reap gains without making much effort? …… For this reason, I have decided to begin my righteous fight for Peace of the East in Harbin and tell right from wrong in Lushun. Please give deep thought to such opinion of mine on the issue of Peace of the East.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Ahn Jung-geun</p> <p>【Explanation】 Ahn Jung-geun executed Ito Hirobumi in Harbin on Oct. 26, 1909 and died for his country in Lushun Prison on March 26, 1910. The Peace of the East Theory was an unfinished short article written by Ahn Jung-geun in Lushun Prison.</p>
17	<p>Which independence movement group is the passage referring to? (high)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It is the representative independence movement group in Korea that aimed at achieving independence through armed struggle during the 1910s. • The organization was formed by an alliance of righteous armies and patriotic enlightenment movement groups. • It had a military organization and made efforts to foster the army for national independence by opening branches in many regions in Korea and even in Manchuria. • The group executed the pro-Japanese faction and planned an independence war. • The group pursued the establishment of a modern nation in the form of a republic after restoring national sovereignty. • The head of this group was Park Sang-jin. <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Daehan Gwangbokhoe (Korean Liberation Association)</p> <p>【Explanation】 The group described above is Daehan Gwangbokhoe (Korean Liberation Association).</p>
18	<p>Which independence movement group is the passage referring to? (high)</p> <p>This is a representative independence movement group in America organized in 1910 after the worthy undertaking of Jang Inhwon and Jeon Myeong-un. With its head office in San Francisco, the organization had regional offices in North America, Hawaii, Mexico, Siberia, and Manchuria and more than 100 branches under the regional offices. Its organ was Shinhanminbo, and the organization collected funds for national independence and supported the independence movement. The organization publicly advocated the establishment of a democratic republic.</p> <p>① Shinminhoe ② Shinhan Youth Corp. ③ Korean National Association ④ Korean Independence Army Government</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 The group described above is the Korean National Association.</p>
19	<p>The Cairo Declaration made at the Cairo Conference in December 1943 read: “The aforesaid three great</p>

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	<p>powers, mindful of the enslavement of the people of Korea, are determined that, in due course, Korea shall become free and independent." The Cairo Conference was the first international conference that guaranteed the independence of Korea for the first time. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Cairo Declaration was very meaningful since the allied forces guaranteed the independence of Korea for the first time. The representatives of the US, UK, and China made the Cairo Declaration, whose major contents included cooperating in the war against Japan, retrieving the territories occupied by Japan after the first World War, and making Korea independent at an appropriate time.</p>
20	<p>What is the name of the organization where the three persons described below belonged? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Kim Gu</u> organized this organization in 1931 for the active struggle for national independence. • <u>Lee Bong-chang</u> threw a bomb at the Japanese Emperor in 1932 in Tokyo, but it failed to go off. • <u>Yoon Bong-gil</u> threw a bomb at Hongkou Park in Shanghai, China in 1932 to kill and injure many high-ranking Japanese officials. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] The Korean Patriot Squad</p> <p>【Explanation】 Kim Gu, the Premier of the Provisional Government of Korea at the time, established the Korean Patriot Squad in 1931 to overcome the difficult situation through active struggle for national independence. Since then, it had been possible to publicize the strong will of Koreans for national independence with the worthy undertakings of Lee Bong-chang and Yoon Bong-gil who belonged to the Korean Patriot Squad.</p>
21	<p>Which military unit is the passage referring to? (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>As the Chinese launched fierce anti-Japanese activities in binhyeon, Manchuria, Nam Dae-gwan et al. conspired with Chinese officers to conduct armed anti-Japanese struggles and formed an Independence unit with Ji Cheong-cheon, a former official of the Korean Community Association, as its commander general. The unit carried out Korea-China joint military campaigns in Northern Manchuria and won major battles in Ssangseongbo, sadohaja and Daidianziling.</p> </div> <p>① Junggwangdan (the Liberation Corps) ②The Northern Route Army Command ③ The Korean National Volunteer Corps ④The Korean Independence Army</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 As Japan provoked the Manchurian Incident, the Korean Independence Army led by Ji Cheong-cheon launched Korea-China joint operations against Japan.</p>
22	<p>Following the March 1st Independence Movement in 1919, provisional governments of the Republic of Korea were set up in multiple places like Shanghai, Yeonhaeju and Seoul. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p>

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	<p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 It is reported that following the March 1st Independence Movement, provisional governments of the Republic of Korea emerged in multiple places like the National Council of Korea in Yeonhaeju, the renowned one in Shanghai, and the Hansong Provisional Government in Seoul.</p>
23	<p>What is the name of the organization that adopted the following code of conduct? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>We hereby duly declare that we shall adopt the means of the people’s direct revolution, and abandon the delusions of diplomatic theory, preparation theory, and such like. We shall go to the people to shake hands with them, and together we shall destroy the rule of the robber, Japan, by means of endless violence, assassination, destruction and rioting. And we shall build an ideal Korea by overthrowing all of the unreasonable systems that govern our daily life, so that human beings cannot oppress other human beings, and so that one society cannot deprive another society.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Justice and Nobility Squad</p> <p>【Explanation】 The “Declaration of Joseon Revolution” written by Sin Chae-ho at the request of the Justice and Nobility Squad of Korea, which was organized by Kim Won-bong, clearly describes the squad's goal of fomenting a direct revolution of the people through its code of conduct and individual violent struggle.</p>
24	<p>What is the name of the history book explained below? (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compiled by Park Eun-shik in 1920, this book describes the anti-Japanese struggle from 1884 to 1920. • The book is composed of the preface, 25 chapters in the first volume, 31 chapters in the second volume, annex, and conclusion. • The first volume curtailed what were mentioned in “Korean History” and mainly described matters related to the independence movement. • The second volume described the March 1st Movement and cases of independence movements after that. • The annex includes the world’s opinions about the independence movement of Korea by introducing the reports of Hulbert, an American, and McKenzie, a report of the US Senate, an article in a foreign newspaper, etc. • </div> <p>① Doksashinron ② Donggukyeoksa ③ Joseon Socio-Economy History</p>

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	<p>④ The Bloody History of Korean National Independence Movement</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 The book explained above is The Bloody History of Korean National Independence Movement.</p>
25	<p>What is the law being explained below? (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>This law was enacted by the Japanese Empire to control and suppress ideas that deny its national system (the Emperor system) or the private property system. With this law, Japan suppressed not only socialists but also the fighters for independence. This law was proclaimed in 1925 and amended several times afterward. The Japanese Empire applied this law for the suppression of the Korean Language Society.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Public Order Maintenance Act</p> <p>【Explanation】 What is explained above is the Public Order Maintenance Act.</p>
26	<p>What battle does the passage refer to? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>In October 1920, independence armies composed largely of Northern Route Army Command troops led by Kim Chwa-chin, Na Jung-so and Lee Beom-seok and Korean Independence Army soldiers led by Hong Beom-do prevailed over Japanese troops, who had been dispatched to Gando (Jiando) to crack down on Korean independence armies, in more than ten small and large battles. According to a report submitted to the Provisional Government of the Republic of Korea by Northern Route Army Command about the results of this particular battle, fatalities included one regiment commanding officer, two battalion commanders and 1,254 more soldiers.</p> </div> <p>① The Gando Massacre ② The Battle of Fengwudong ③ The Battle of Cheongsalli ④ The Battle of Daidianziling</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 The above passage refers to the Battle of Cheonsalli.</p>
27	<p>Write the name of the largest independence movement organization established in 1927 with the following platform. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We promote political and economic awareness. </div>

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We consolidate national unity. • We reject any forms of opportunism. <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] The Singanhoe</p> <p>【Explanation】 The above three aims constituted the platform of the Singanhoe, which had 120~150 local branches across the country and an estimated 20,000-40,000 members, making it the largest anti-Japanese organization during the Japanese occupation period.</p>
28	<p>The following is part of a write-up titled “About Ruling Joseon” by Saito Makoto, former Governor-General of Korea. Which incident triggered this initiative? (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Secretly search for devoted pro-Japanese people among Koreans who are willing to maintain the same ideas and spirits as us; have them organize various pro-Japanese organizations according to their classes and situations including nobleman, gentry, Confucian scholar, rich person, businessman, educator, and religionist; and fully support their activities by providing considerable convenience and assistance.</p> </div> <p>① March 1st Movement ② General strike in Wonsan ③ Worthy undertaking of Yoon Bong-gil ④ Gwangju Student Independence Movement</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Japanese Empire shifted to “cultural ruling” after the March 1st Movement and attempted to foster pro-Japanese factions to divide our nation.</p>
29	<p>The Principle of the Three Equalities advocated by Cho So-ang offered the philosophical grounds for the basic principles and policies for the establishment of the Provisional Government of the Republic of Korea. Which of the following is NOT one of the Three Equalities? (medium)</p> <p>① Political equality ② Economic equality ③ Cultural equality ④ Educational equality</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 Cho So-ang’s principle of the three equalities aimed to realize equality between individuals through equality in politics, economy and education, thus, achieving equality between peoples and nations.</p>
30	<p>Who made the following petition? (medium)</p>

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	<p>Dear Mr. President of the USA, We make this petition in the name of the 20 million people who love peace. Please assert strongly the liberty of Korea at the Peace Conference so that the Korean people could break out of the tyranny of Japan through the support of the world powers with your leadership. We hope that the complete independence of Korea could be guaranteed after being ruled by the League of Nations for a while.</p> <p>① Park Yong-man ② Ahn Chang-ho ③ Lee Gwang-soo ④ Rhee Syngman</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 Rhee Syngman submitted a petition to President Woodrow Wilson of the US suggesting mandatory rule.</p>
<p>8. National Division into South and North, Establishment of the Government of the ROK, and the Korean War</p>	
1	<p>Where did the following incidents occur? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The General Sherman Incident • Organization of the Korean Products Promotion Society • Hosting of the joint meeting of all political parties and social organization of South and North Korea </div> <p>① Seoul ② Wonsan ③ Pyongyang ④ Sinuiju</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 All the above incidents occurred in Pyongyang.</p>
2	<p>At the first round of the US-Soviet Joint Commission meetings, the United States insisted on allowing only those organizations that had endorsed the resolution of the Moscow Conference of Three Foreign Ministers to take part in setting up the provisional government of Korea. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Soviet Union and the United States confronted each other at the US-Soviet Joint Commission. The Soviet Union insisted on allowing only those organizations that had endorsed the resolution of the Moscow Conference of Three Foreign Ministers to participate in the formation of a provisional government while the United States requested that all organizations be allowed to do so.</p>
3	<p>Fill out the parentheses with the most suitable phrase. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Due to the sharp conflicts between the two superpowers, the US and the USSR, after the Second</p> </div>

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	<p>World War, the world was reorganized into the capitalist group led by the US and the communist group led by the USSR. The two sides confronted each other in many areas of the world -- even though they did not use force directly - and this is called the (). The () began in earnest in March 1947 when President Truman of the US said that he would prevent the expansion of the communist forces.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Cold War</p> <p>[Explanation] After playing decisive roles in winning the Second World War, the US and the USSR emerged as two superpowers and vied for holding hegemony in the international society, and this is called the Cold War. The USSR supported the establishment of communist regimes in the territories it occupied during the war and neighboring nations. The US actively supported the economic revival of Western Europe and used the containment policy to prevent the expansion of the communist USSR</p>
4	<p>Fill out the parentheses. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>() was held in Seoul, Korea in March 1946 according to the resolution of the Moscow Conference of the Three Foreign Ministers. The Soviet Union wanted to allow only those organizations in favor of the resolution of the Moscow Conference to attend the conference, which was held to discuss the establishment of a provisional democratic government on the Korean Peninsula, whereas the United States claimed that all organizations should be allowed to participate in discussions about the establishment of a provisional government.</p> </div> <p>① Inter-Korean negotiation ② Little Assembly of the United Nations ③ Left-Right Coalition ④ Russo-American Joint Commission</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] The Russo-American Joint Commission was held according to the resolution of the Moscow Conference of the Three Foreign Ministers. However, the conference was postponed without achieving any concrete results due to a confrontation between the USA and the Soviet Union over who should be allowed to participate in discussions about the establishment of a provisional government on the Korean Peninsula.</p>
5	<p>Write the name of the person being described below. (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He was dispatched to the Paris Peace Conference held in 1919 as the representative of Sinhan Cheongnyeondang. • He served as the vice president of the Provisional Government of the ROK. • He worked with Lyuh Woon-hyung for a left-right coalition government. • With Kim Gu, he promoted South-North negotiations for the establishment of a unified government. • He was kidnapped and taken to the North during the Korean War. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Kim Kyu-sik</p>

NO	문항
6	<p>Who delivered the following speech?. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>The Joint Soviet-American Commission, which was adjourned indefinitely, is showing no signs of resuming, and it is not easy to establish a unified government even though we are eager to do so. Thus, we need to organize an interim government or a kind of commission by ourselves in the southern part of the Korean peninsula and appeal to the world's opinion to push the USSR in the northern part of the 38th Parallel North so that it retreats from the Korean peninsula. In this regard, you will have to make up your mind.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Rhee Syngman (Unam, Unam Rhee Syngman)</p> <p>【Explanation】 While the confrontation between the pro-trusteeship movement and the anti-trusteeship movement was becoming excruciating, Rhee Syngman made a political declaration asserting the need for the establishment of a single government of South Korea on June 3, 1946 in Jeongeup, and this is called the Jeongeup Declaration. After that, Rhee Syngman began to work for the establishment of a single government in South Korea in earnest.</p>
7	<p>8. The second Russo-American Joint Commission meeting held in 1947 decided on a South-North general election according to the proportion of population. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Russo-American Joint Commission broke down without any achievements. It was at the UN general assembly meeting held in November 1947 that a South-North Korea general election based on the proportion of population was determined.</p>
8	<p>The following is Article 1 of the 1948 Constitution. Fill out the parentheses. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Article 1. The Republic of Korea shall be a ().</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] democratic republic</p>
9	<p>The first constitution of Korea, established on July 17, 1948, adopted a direct presidential election system. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 The first constitution of Korea chose a presidential system as its government type but adopted an indirect election system for the election of the president and the vice president.</p>

NO	문항
10	<p>1 Which country did not participate in the Moscow Conference of the Three Foreign Ministers that determined the establishment of a provisional democratic government in Korea, the installation of the U.S.-Soviet Joint Commission, and the trusteeship of Korea for up to five years? (high)</p> <p>① The USA ② The Soviet Union ③ The UK ④ China</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 China did not take part in the conference.</p>
11	<p>Write the name of the person who met the chief political officer of the Japanese Government General of Korea on Aug. 15, 1945 to proceed with negotiations after presenting the following terms: (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Release all political prisoners and economic criminals immediately throughout the nation. • Provide 3 months' worth of food. • Never interfere with activities for the maintenance of public order and all political movements for national foundation. • Never interfere with training and organizing students and youths. • Do not interfere with mobilizing and organizing workers and farmers for national foundation. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Lyuh Woon-hyung</p> <p>【Explanation】 The person who asserted the foregoing is Lyuh Woon-hyung.</p>
12	<p>Fill out the parentheses with the most suitable phrase. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>When it was expected that Japan would surrender soon, the US obtained the consent of the USSR to the idea that the US and the USSR would occupy the southern and northern parts of the (), respectively. The () was set as the military demarcation line on the Korean peninsula, and it later became the line that divided South and North Korea due to the deepened conflicts by the Cold War.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] 38th Parallel North Plural answers: 38th line, 38 line</p> <p>【Explanation】 The US and the USSR established military administrations in South Korea and North Korea, respectively, divided by the 38th Parallel North, and the Korean Peninsula became a place of confrontation between the forces of the US and the USSR.</p>
13	<p>Which was included in the joint statement of South-North Negotiations announced in April 1948? (high)</p> <p>① Dissolution of the Constitutional Assembly</p> <p>② Absolute opposition to the unilateral election in South Korea</p> <p>③ Implementation of a UN-supervised South-North general election</p> <p>④ Promotion of agricultural land reforms under the principle of free distribution</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p>

NO	문항
	<p>【Explanation】 The South-North Negotiations that Kim Gu and Kim Kyu-sik visited Pyongyang to attend concluded with the announcement of an absolute opposition to the election held only in South Korea and an immediate withdrawal of foreign troops.</p>
14	<p>When was the establishment of the government of the Republic of Korea promulgated? (low)</p> <p>① Apr. 19, 1948 ② May 10, 1948 ③ Jul. 17, 1948 ④ Aug. 15, 1948</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 ① The day Kim Gu and Kim Kyu-sik went to Pyongyang to participate in the joint meeting of representatives of South and North Korea. ② The day a general election was held in Korea for the election of the members of the Constituent Assembly. ③ The day the first constitution was promulgated.</p>
15	<p>The first Constitution promulgated on July 17, 1948 authorized people to elect the President directly. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[정답] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 The first Constitution authorized the National Assembly to elect the President and the Vice President. The Selected Constitutional Amendment of 1952 provided for a direct presidential election.</p>
16	<p>Which is NOT correct about situations on the Korean peninsula prior to the outbreak of the Korean War? (medium)</p> <p>① The Soviet Union supported the establishment of the North Korean regime. ② Kim Il-sung put forward the theory of democratic base. ③ The People's Republic of China was established. ④ The ROK-US Mutual Defense Treaty was signed.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 The ROK-US Mutual Defense Treaty was signed in October 1953 after the ceasefire agreement was signed in July of the same year.</p>
17	<p>Immediately after the outbreak of the Korean War, the UN Security Council -- held with the participation of its permanent members including the US and the USSR -- decided to dispatch UN forces to Korea. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p>

NO	문항
	<p>【Explanation】 The USSR did not participate in the UN Security Council meeting held at that time.</p>
18	<p>Write the name of the conference that was held in 1954 to settle outstanding issues resulting from the Korean War. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] The Geneva Conference</p> <p>【Explanation】 The 1954 Geneva Conference was held for the unification of the Korean Peninsula. It was the first international conference to be attended by both South and North Korea in the wake of the Korean War.</p>
19	<p>Which region does the description below refer to? (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The city that became the temporary capital of Korea on Aug. 18, 1950 • The city that remained as the temporary capital until the end of the Korean War due to the January Fourth Retreat in 1951 • Gukje Market in this city was prosperous with the refugees who concentrated here during the war. </div> <p>① Daejeon ② Daegu ③ Busan ④ Ulsan</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 Busan is the second city of Korea and the No. 1 trade port. A temporary capital is designated by the government if the original capital is occupied by the enemy or at a critical risk by war, etc. to function as the capital for a while. Busan was the temporary capital of Korea from Aug. 18 to Oct. 27, 1950, the year the Korean War broke out, and again from Jan. 1, 1951 to July 27, 1953 due to the January Fourth Retreat. (Source: Temporary Capital Busan (The Digital Local Culture Encyclopedia of Korea))</p>
20	<p>Write the name of the place described below. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>This is a place where a prison camp was set up during the Korean War to accommodate war prisoners. The highest number of prisoners accommodated in the camp surpassed 170,000 including 150,000 North Korean prisoners and 20,000 Chinese prisoners until the end of June 1951. It was also the scene of many tragic incidents including violent clashes between communist and anti-communist prisoners. Recently, ‘Swing Kids’, a film about the prisoners’ life in the camp, was released to the public.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Geojedo</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Geojedo prison camp was established mostly in Gohyeon and Suwol in February 1951 to accommodate war prisoners during the Korean War. Until the end of June 1951, it</p>

NO	문항
	<p>accommodated a maximum of 173,000 prisoners, including 150,000 North Korean POWs and 20,000 communist Chinese POWs. Designated as Gyeongsangnam-do Cultural Heritage Data No. 99, the place has been re-created as Historic Park of Geoje POW Camp with exhibitions of the prisoners' quarters and records of their daily lives including photos and clothing. It is being used as a training ground about the atrocities of war. (Source: the website of Historic Park of Geoje POW Camp)</p>
21	<p>In January 1950, the then US Secretary of State made this declaration that the Republic of Korea and Taiwan were to be excluded from the US defense line in the Pacific, which will be the line connecting Alaska, Japan, Okinawa, and the Philippines. What is the name of this declaration, which was named after the then US Secretary of State? (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Acheson line declaration</p> <p>[Explanation] On January 10, 1950, the then US Secretary of State Dean Acheson made the Acheson line declaration that the US defense line in the Pacific will be the line connecting Alaska, Japan, Okinawa, and the Philippines. Thus, the declaration excluded Korea from the US defense line in the Pacific.</p>
22	<p>The countries that signed the Korean War Armistice Agreement are South Korea, North Korea, China and the United States. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>[Explanation] The armistice agreement was signed by Kim Il-sung, the supreme commander of the Korean People's Army; Peng Dehuai, commander of the Chinese People's Volunteer Army; General Clark of the United States, commander-in-chief of the UN forces in Korea. However, the representative of the Republic of Korea never signed the "Armistice Agreement" in opposition to the ceasefire. (Source) Armistice Agreement, the National Institute of Korean History, History Net</p>
23	<p>On July 14, 1950, the Rhee Syngman government handed over wartime operational control to the United Nations Command. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>[Explanation] At the beginning of the Korean War, the Rhee Syngman administration handed over its wartime operational control to the UN Command for consistent military operations.</p>
24	<p>What is the name of the organization in the United Nations that announced the following resolution when the Korean War broke out? (medium)</p>

NO	문항
	at the same time, it has been transformed into a treasure of natural ecosystem and a historical space whose value has to be shared with all nations of the world as a common heritage of mankind (Source: NUAC blog)
27	<p>Which of the following countries did NOT figure among the UN Forces dispatched to Korea during the Korean War? (medium)</p> <p>① The United States ② Australia ③ Turkey ④ India</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>【Explanation】 The sixteen nations that dispatched troops to the United Nations Command included the following: the USA, the UK, Australia, the Netherlands, Canada, New Zealand, France, the Philippines, Turkey, Thailand, Greece, South Africa, Belgium, Luxemburg, Colombia and Ethiopia. India sent the medical support group.</p>
28	<p>Put the following events in the correct chronological order. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>a. The January 4th Retreat</p> <p>b. Start of armistice talks</p> <p>c. Incheon Landing Operation</p> <p>d. The ROK-U.S. Mutual Defense Treaty</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] c-a-b-d</p> <p>【Explanation】 (c) Seoul was recovered in September 1950 as a result of the Incheon Landing Operation. (a) Seoul was lost again, resulting in the January 4th Retreat in 1951. (b) Armistice talks were started in July 1951 at the suggestion of the Soviet Union. (d) The ROK-U.S. Mutual Defense Treaty was signed in October 1953 following on from the execution of the Korean War Armistice three months earlier in July.</p>
29	<p>The Rhee Syngman administration suggested ceasefire talks when the Korean War came to a standstill near the 38th Parallel. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Rhee Syngman administration was against a ceasefire, insisting on the unification of the Korean peninsula by advancing north.</p>
30	<p>Write the name of the painter who drew a picture titled <u>“Massacre en Corée”</u> with the theme of the massacre of civilians that occurred during the Korean War to disclose the cruelty of war. (상)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Pablo Picasso or Picasso</p> <p>【Explanation】 Pablo Picasso drew a picture titled “Massacre en Corée” to disclose the terrible scene of massacre of civilians that occurred in Sincheon, Hwanghae Province from October to December 1950.</p>
9. Economic Growth and the Development of Democracy	

NO	문항
1	<p>What does the blank refer to? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Mr. Kim and others were given the guilty verdict for criticizing the Yushin regime in violation of _____ No. 1 and were imprisoned. In 2010, however, the Supreme Court and the Constitutional Court ruled that _____ No. 1 is a violation of the constitution, and the guilty verdicts on Mr. Kim and others were reversed. In 2019, the court ruled that the declaration of _____ by President Park Chung-hee had been unconstitutional even according to the Yushin Constitution, and that the state should consequently compensate the victims.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Emergency Rule</p> <p>【Explanation】 The right to emergency rule of the president stipulated in Article 53 of the Yushin Constitution is unconstitutional since it gives the president the power to limit the freedom and rights of the public limitlessly with a simple administrative order. The judgment of a situation that needed the exercise of the right to emergency rule could be made by the exclusive decision of the president; thus, the emergency rule was abused for the suppression of the people who opposed the Yushin regime.</p>
2	<p>The first National Assembly of South Korea enacted the constitution of the Republic of Korea and elected Rhee Syngman and Yi Si-yeong as its President and Vice-President, respectively. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>(Source) Hisory net, National Institute Of Korean History</p>
3	<p>In the second half of the 1980s, the Korean economy enjoyed a boom based on the <u>three-low phenomenon</u>. Write all three components of the phenomenon. (중)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[[Answer] Low interest rates, low oil prices and low value of the Won</p> <p>【Explanation】 The three-low phenomenon refers to low interest rates, low oil prices and low value of the Won, which continued in Korea for 4~5 years starting in the middle of the 1980s-favorable factors that together enabled the country to achieve a more than 10% GNP growth rate every year during the period.</p>
4	<p>The July 4th South-North Joint Statement pronounced three principles of unification. Write all of the</p>

NO	문항
	<p>principles. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Independence, peace and nation-wide unity</p> <p>【Explanation】 It is a historic joint statement that was made about the national unification for the first time after the nation was divided. The statement dated July 4, 1972 declared three principles of unification—independence, peace and nation-wide unity—as specified below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The reunification must be achieved with no reliance on external forces or interference. - The reunification must be achieved peacefully without the use of military force against the other side. - Both parties must promote national unity as a united people over any differences of our ideological and political systems. <p>(Source) Daily Concise</p>
5	<p>Write the name of the person described in the passage. (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>This person became the country’s president through a peaceful transition of power for the first time in history. He promoted a conciliatory approach toward the North and held an inter-Korean summit meeting for the first time after the national division. He was awarded a Nobel Peace Prize, for the first time as a Korean, for his contributions to democratization in South Korea and peace and reconciliation with North Korea.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Kim Dae-jung</p>
6	<p>During the 1950s, soon after the Korean War, the “Three White Industries” developed by processing the aid goods of the US. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 The economic aid from the US was greatly helpful to the economy of Korea. While the Korean government wished to receive producer goods, the US provided agricultural surplus. As a result, the three white industries -- milling, sugar manufacturing, and cotton spinning -- developed while processing the aid goods composed mainly of agricultural surplus. The industries were called “Three White Industries” as the colors of flour, sugar, and cotton were all white.</p>
7	<p>(About a song) This song was made for the PR of this movement implemented by the Park Chung-hee administration. What is the name of this movement, which had been implemented for the development of the local communities nationwide since 1970? (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>2nd verse) Let’s remove the thatched house and widen the village road, Make a green hill and take good care of it. Refrain) Let’s work together to make a village good to live in.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Saemaoul Movement</p>

NO	문항
	<p>【Explanation】 The lyrics of the song above are said to have been written by President Park Chung-hee. The Saemaoul song was made for the PR of the Saemaoul Movement, which had been implemented for the development of the local communities nationwide since 1970. The purpose of the Saemaoul Movement was to facilitate national development by practicing its basic spirit -- diligence, self-reliance, and cooperation - throughout the nation and the government.</p> <p>(Source) Encyclopedia of Korean Culture</p>
8	<p>Which incident does the following passage describe? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>In January 1987, after Park Jong-cheol, a student of Seoul National University, was tortured to death by the police and the government issued a statement stating that it was opposed to an amendment to the constitution, students and citizens demonstrated fiercely across the country, chanting slogans such as “Abolish the Constitution,” and “Fight for a Democratic Constitution.”</p> </div> <p>① The April 19 Revolution ② The Busan-Masan Uprising ③ The June Democracy Movement of 1987 ④ The May 18 Democratization Movement</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 The key requirement of the students and citizens who engaged in the June Democracy Movement of 1987 was a direct presidential election.</p>
9	<p>After the April 19 Revolution, the preliminary Heo Jeong administration amended the constitution to adopt a cabinet system and a bicameral system among others. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 The preliminary administration implemented a cabinet system for the first time in the country’s constitutional history.</p>
10	<p>Write the name of the person being referred to by the following passage. (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Elected the 4th president of Korea after the rule of the Liberty Party collapsed with the “4•19 Revolution.” • Resigned as president 1 year and 5 months after inauguration due to the “5•16 Military Coup.” • Served as an opposition leader criticizing the military government after resigning as president. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Yoon Bo-sun</p>

NO	문항
	<p>【Explanation】 After the Rhee Syngman administration collapsed due to the “4•19 Revolution,” Heo Jeong, caretaker of the government, pushed for constitutional amendment to shift to the parliamentary cabinet system. In a joint meeting of the Lower House and the Upper House held on Aug. 12, 1960, Yoon Bo-sun ran for president as the candidate of the Democratic Party and got elected as the 4th president of Korea. Nonetheless, he had to resign 1 year and 5 months after inauguration due to the “5•16 Military Coup.” Afterward, he served as an opposition leader criticizing the Park Chung-hee administration.</p> <p>(Source) Daum Encyclopedia</p>
11	<p>This person was a tailor in Pyeonghwa Market and a workers’ rights activist in the 1960s. In 1970, he committed suicide by burning himself to death calling for compliance with the Labor Standards Act. His death brought attention to labor issues. Write the name of the person. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Jeon Tae-il</p> <p>【Explanation】 A tailor in Pyeonghwa Market, Jeon Tae-il committed suicide by burning himself to death calling for compliance with the Labor Standards Act. The country’s labor movement has become active since then.</p>
12	<p>In 1966, the US signed a memorandum promising the modernization of the armed forces of the Republic of Korea and technical assistance in return for the additional dispatch of Korean troops to Vietnam. What is the title of this memorandum? (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Brown Memorandum</p> <p>【Explanation】 Through the Brown memorandum, the US promised to modernize Korean armed forces and offer Korea the technical support needed for its economic development in return for the dispatch of troops to the Vietnam War.</p>
13	<p>Write the name of the road described in the passage. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The country’s second expressway (after the Gyeongin Expressway) • Its construction kicked off in 1968 and was completed in 1970. • It was partially funded by the normalization of diplomatic ties with Japan and the dispatch of troops to Vietnam. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] The Gyeongbu Expressway</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Gyeongbu Expressway was the country’s second expressway promoted as a key project of the Second Five-Year Economic Development Plan after the Gyeongin Expressway was completed in 1968. Its construction began in 1968 and ended in 1970. It connects Wonji-dong in Seocho-gu, Seoul to Guseo-dong in Geumjeong-gu, Busan. It is called the country’s main artery that connects the Seoul Metropolitan Area to three major metropolitan cities-Daejeon, Daegu and Ulsan-in addition to Busan and other major cities, turning the country into a one-day living sphere.</p> <p>(Source) Daum Encyclopedia</p>

NO	문항
14	<p>This system was introduced to prevent the use of another person's name for financial transactions. It was implemented all at once by the Kim Young-sam administration in order to eradicate the cozy relations between politics and business by making financial transactions transparent and impose taxes reasonably. What is the title of this system? (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Real-name financial transaction system</p>
15	<p>The 9th amendment of the constitution of Korea was realized by the pro-democracy movement that took place in June 1987. The 9th amendment was made for the introduction of the direct presidential election system, and the constitutional system has continued to be in place. How long is the presidential term according to the current constitution? (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] 5 years</p>
17	<p>Which among the following is the economic policy of the Park Chung-hee administration? (high)</p> <p>① Promotion of import-substituting industries ② Joining the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) ③ Implementation of farmland reform through free purchase and free distribution ④ Promotion of heavy and chemical industries such as steel manufacturing and shipbuilding during the 1970s</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] ① Promoted export-oriented policies. ② This was done during the Kim Young-sam administration. ③ This was done during the Rhee Syngman administration.</p>
16	<p>Write the name of the country described in the passage. (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>This country</u> that was divided into the eastern and western parts during the Cold War in the wake of World War II was reunified in 1990. • The annual foreign remittances of the miners and nurses who were dispatched to this country in the 1960s and 1970s greatly contributed to the nation's economic development. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Germany</p>
18	<p>What was the diplomatic policy pursued by the Roh Tae-woo administration for the establishment of diplomatic relations with Eastern Bloc communist countries? (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] Northern Diplomacy</p> <p>[Explanation] The Northern Diplomacy was implemented for socialist countries such as China, USSR, Eastern European countries and other socialist countries, and North Korea. It aimed at the following: maintaining peace and stability of the Korean peninsula by improving relations with China and USSR; increasing economic interests through economic cooperation with socialist countries and pursuing exchanges and cooperative relations between South and North Korea; and ultimately realizing the normalization of diplomatic relations with socialist countries and unification with North Korea.</p>

NO	문항
19	<p>Which administration implemented the following policies? (low)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation of all-out local autonomy system • Introduction of the real-name financial transaction system and the real-name property ownership system • Demolition of the building of the former Japanese Governor-General of Korea to promote “correct understanding of history” </div> <p>① The Park Chung-hee administration ② The Chun Doo-hwan administration ③ The Roh Tae-woo administration ④ The Kim Young-sam administration</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p>
20	<p>Which of the following is NOT one of the policies promoted by the Roh Moo-hyun administration? (medium)</p> <p>① Adhesion to the International Labor Organization (ILO) ② Execution of the Korea-US Free Trade Agreement ③ Establishment of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission ④ Pursuit of political reforms based on engagement and integration along with decentralization and balanced national development</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 It was during the Roh Tae-woo administration that Korea joined the ILO.</p>
21	<p>Which is NOT inscribed on the UNESCO Memory of the World Register? (medium)</p> <p>① Samguk sagi ② Seungjeongwon Ilgi ③ Archives for the National Debt Redemption Movement ④ Archives for the May 18th Democratic Uprising</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 As of 2018, Korea has 16 UNESCO Memories of the World Register as follows (the numbers in parentheses refer to inscription years)</p> <p>1. The Hunmin Chongum Manuscript(1997), 2. The Annals of the Choson Dynasty(1997), 3. Jikji Simche Yojeol(2001), 4. Seungjeongwon Ilgi(2001), 5. The Tripitaka Koreana(2007), 6. The Royal Protocols of the Joseon Dynasty(2007), 7. Donguibogam(2009), 8. Archives of the May 18th Democratic Uprising(2011), 9. Ilseongnok(2011), 10. Nanjung Ilgi(2013), 11. Archives of Saemaul Undong(2013), 12. Archives of the KBS Special Live Broadcast ‘Finding Dispersed Families’ (2015), 13. Confucian Printing Woodblocks(2015), 14. Royal Seal and Investiture Book Collection of the Joseon Dynasty(2017), 15. Archives of the National Debt Redemption Movement(2017), 16. Documents on</p>

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22	<p>Joseon Tongsin(2017) (Source) Cultural Heritage Administration</p> <p>What international organization is the passage referring to? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>This organization was launched in Paris on Sep. 30, 1961 to seek the mutual economic and social development of the member nations through policy coordination and cooperation and cope with the world's economic problems together. The number of founding member nations was 20 including the US and Canada. Advanced nations mainly joined the organization during the early stage, but the door has been opened to developing countries, too, since 1989. Korea became the 29th member nation of the organization in December 1996.</p> </div> <p>① World Bank (WB) ② International Monetary Fund (IMF) ③ World Trade Organization (WTO) ④ Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ④</p> <p>[Explanation] ① The World Bank (WB) is a multilateral development bank established in 1945 aiming at poverty eradication throughout the world and economic growth of developing countries. ② The International Monetary Fund (IMF) is an international financial organization established in 1945 with the objective of contributing to the increase of employment, increase of income, and development of production resources in member nations through the stable expansion of global trading. ③ The World Trade Organization (WTO) was launched officially on Jan. 1, 1995 for the purpose of developing the world's economy through the liberalization of international trade.</p>
23	<p>What international organization is the passage referring to? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A special organization of the UN installed for the relief of war victim children and improvement of in less developed countries • Korea was supported by this organization beginning 1950, but it has been a donor country since 1994 • BTS, the famous K-pop band of Korea, participated in the “ENDviolence” campaign of this organ eradicate violence against children and youth throughout the world. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] UNICEF</p> <p>[Explanation] UNICEF is an organization established in the UN for the relief of war victim children and improvement of welfare of children in less developed countries. Korea received various kinds of support from UNICEF from 1950 to 1993 and became an executive board member in 1988. In January 1994, the UNICEF Korea Representative was changed into the UNICEF Korea Commission, and Korea changed to a donor country from a recipient country. Since then, Korea has supported emergency funds</p>

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	for the fatigue in North Korea and the people suffering from civil wars in Rwanda, Somalia, etc. Korea is now raising funds by conducting various programs. As part of the “#Love myself” campaign, which believes that true love begins with love of oneself, BTS, has participated in “#ENDviolence,” a global campaign of UNICEF for the eradication of violence against children and youth throughout the world, since November 2017. Source: Doopedia
24	<p>Korea’s first multipurpose practical satellite was Mugunghwa. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 Korea’s first multipurpose practical satellite was Arirang, used for precision mapping, geographic information system, land management and disaster prevention. Arirang-1 was launched in December 1999 followed by Arirang-2 in July 2006 and Arirang-3 in May 2012. Mugunghwa 1 is Korea’s first commercial broadcasting and communications satellite. It is owned by KT.</p>
25	<p>What does the following explanation refer to? (high)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>It is the military activity of the UN performed for the peaceful settlement of international disputes and establishment of a permanent peace system. Our nation is conducting activities for the maintenance of peace in Lebanon (Dong-Myung Unit) and South Sudan (Hanbit Unit) as of 2020 after the dispatch of the Evergreen Unit to Somalia in July 1993.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] PKO</p> <p>【Explanation】 PKO (Peacekeeping Operation) refers to the UN’s military activities performed for the peaceful settlement of international disputes and establishment of a permanent peace system. Since the simultaneous entry into the UN of South and North Korea in September 1991, the ROK Army has begun to participate in PKO in Somalia at the request of the UN and has since conducted various activities in many areas to maintain peace.</p>
26	<p>Korea established the Economic Development Cooperation Fund(EDCF) in 1987 and started offering foreign aid. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (high)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 Established in 1987, the EDCF has steadily increased the amount of the country’s foreign aid.</p>
27	<p>The basketball teams made a unified team of South and North Korea for the first time to play in an international sports game since the division of South and North Korea. Write O if this statement is correct or X if it is not. (low)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[정답] X</p> <p>【Explanation】 The first unified team of South and North Korea since their division was made in 1991 during the Chiba World Table Tennis Championships. It was realized after the agreement in the South-North Sports Talks held in January and February of 1991. At the talks, South and North Korea agreed on the composition of a single team to participate in various sports contests. As a result, South</p>

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	<p>and North Korea participated in the 41st World Table Tennis Championships held in Chiba, Japan in April 1991 as a unified team under the name of “Korea Team.” In the championships, the women’s team (Hyun Jeong-hwa, Lee Bun-hee, Hong Cha-ok, and Yu Soon-bok) won the team competition and left a great impression on all the people in South and North Korea. Since then, they have used the blue flag of the Korean Peninsula instead of the national flags of South and North Korea and sung “Arirang” instead of the national anthems.</p>
28	<p>Which organization does the following passage describe? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Launched in 1991 as the country’s exclusive free foreign aid organization, it is in charge of sharing the development experience and technologies that Korea has accumulated with countries in need. The organization also conducts a variety of volunteer activities, including the provision of medical assistance to improve human wellbeing in the least developed countries, and engagement in humanitarian actions to save the lives of people suffering as a result of natural disasters and long-standing international conflicts.</p> </div> <p>① OECD ② KOICA ③ DAC ④ IBRD</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>【Explanation】 KOICA, which stands for the “Korea International Cooperation Agency”, is dedicated to sharing South Korea's development experience and technologies with developing countries, providing them with human resources and capital to help with their economic and social development, and carrying out works to improve human wellbeing in the least developed countries from a humanitarian standpoint. In addition, KOICA is active in offering disaster relief to areas stricken by natural disasters and other hazards, to which it dispatches volunteers with expertise in all walks of life.</p>
29	<p>What is the name of the space launch vehicle being described below? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>This is the first space launch vehicle of the Republic of Korea that put a 100kg artificial satellite in orbit. On January 30, 2013, the space launch vehicle was successfully put on a low-earth orbit center located in Goheung-gun, Jeollanamdo, Korea. This made Korea the 11th nation in the world to launch a space launch vehicle successfully using its own technology.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] NARO</p> <p>【Explanation】 NARO is the first space launch vehicle of the Republic of Korea that successfully put a 100kg artificial satellite on a low-earth orbit. NARO is a two-step launch vehicle composed of the first liquid engine and the second solid kick motor. Assembly of the launch vehicle was done jointly by the Korea Aerospace Research Institute (KARI) of Korea and the State Research and Production Space Center of Russia. KARI planned launching the rocket after 2002 based on the long-term space development plan and succeeded in putting the NARO science satellite on a low-earth orbit after launching it at the NARO Space Center in Goheung-gun on Jan. 30, 2013 at the third trial. This made Korea the 11th nation in the world to launch a space launch vehicle successfully using its own technology.</p>

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30	<p>This law was enacted by Korea in 1999 to guarantee overseas Koreans' entry into and departure from the Republic of Korea and the relevant legal status. Write down the name of this law. (medium)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] The Overseas Koreans Act</p> <p>【Explanation】 The Overseas Koreans Act was designed to guarantee overseas Koreans' entry into and departure from the Republic of Korea and the relevant legal status. In this law the term "overseas Korean" means a national of the Republic of Korea who has acquired the right of permanent residence in a foreign country or is residing in a foreign country with a view to living there permanently, or a person prescribed by Presidential Decree from among those who, having held the nationality of the Republic of Korea or as their lineal descendants, have acquired the nationality of a foreign country. The law stipulates that the Government shall give necessary support to overseas Koreans lest they should suffer unfair regulation or treatment in the Republic of Korea.</p>
31	<p>Which of the following is NOT an award given to the movie "Parasite" in the 92nd US Academy Awards in 2020? (low)</p> <p>① Directing award ② Best Picture award ③ Actor in a Leading Role award ④ International Feature Film award</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 Joaquin Phoenix won the Actor in a Leading Role award for the movie "Joker" in the 92nd Academy Awards ceremony held on Feb. 9, 2020 (local time) at the Dolby Theater in Hollywood, Los Angeles, US. Joaquin Phoenix played the role of the anti-hero Joker in the movie "Joker."</p>
32	<p>Which country has NOT concluded an FTA with the Republic of Korea? (high)</p> <p>① Chile ② India ③ Brazil ④ New Zealand</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ③</p> <p>【Explanation】 The government has worked to conclude FTAs in an effort to secure our overseas markets in a stable manner and enhance the competitiveness of our economy. As a result, our FTAs are in effect with 52 countries such as Chile, Singapore, the EFTA (European Free Trade Association), ASEAN, India, the EU, Peru, the USA, Turkey, Australia, Canada, China, New Zealand, Vietnam and Colombia. The FTA between Korea and the Mercosur nations including Brazil is not in effect yet.</p>
33	<p>Name the group of people to whom the following passage refers. (medium)</p>

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	<p>This term refers to all ethnic Koreans who reside in the former Soviet Union including Russia and fifteen other independent countries.</p> <p>Koreans began emigrating to the Maritime Province of Siberia during the late Joseon period. During the Japanese occupation, many independence activists moved to the area and actively engaged in nationalist movements.</p> <p>Meanwhile, almost all ethnic Koreans suffered as they were forcefully moved to Central Asia by Stalin in 1937.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">[Answer] Koryoin (or Koryeo-saram, Koreysky, Koreytsy)</p> <p>【Explanation】 The term “Koryoin” refers to all ethnic Koreans residing in the former Soviet Union including Russia, Ukraine, Belarus, Moldova, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, Kyrgyzstan, Armenia, Azerbaijan and Georgia (Gruzia). They are called “Koreytsy” in Russian, although ethnic Koreans prefer to call themselves “Koryeo-saram”.</p>
34	<p>Which is NOT an international organization that Korea has joined? (high)</p> <p>① TPP ② ILO ③ WHO ④ WTO</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[정답] ①</p> <p>【Explanation】 Korea has not joined the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP) advocated by the United States.</p>
35	<p>The research station described in the following passage is named after the historical figure who dominated maritime trade in Unified Silla. What is his name? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The second base of Korea’s Antarctic research mission was set up twenty-four years after the construction of the King Sejong Station in 1988. The station consists of sixteen buildings covering an area of 4,458 square meters, and houses fifteen people in winter and sixty in summer. This module type of station was built with prefabricated materials assembled at the site.</p> </div> <p>① Yi Sun-sin ② Jang Bo-go ③ An Yong-bok ④ Choi Mu-seon</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] ②</p> <p>【Explanation】 Completed on February 12, 2014, the Jang Bogo Station is the second Korean research</p>

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	<p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] O</p> <p>【Explanation】 The 24th Seoul Olympic Games were held in major cities of Korea including Seoul for 16 days from Sep. 17 to Oct. 2, 1988. As many as 13,304 people (8,391 of whom were players) from 159 nations around the world (Brunei joined only the opening ceremony and closing ceremony but did not participate in any sport events) participated in the Olympics, recording the biggest scale in the history of Olympics. The teams and players from both the Western bloc and the Eastern bloc participated in the Olympic Games after 16 years, solving conflicts and disagreement caused by ideological disputes and racial discrimination. As a result, the Seoul Olympics strengthened the basis for “harmony” through exchanges of sports and paved the way for a new momentum for world peace. Source: Doopedia</p>
40	<p>What is the official name of the sculpture described below? (medium)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A symbol of the sufferings of comfort women exploited by the Imperial Japanese Army. • The first sculpture erected on December 14, 2011 in front of the Japanese Embassy in Korea. • Dozens installed both at home and abroad. </div> <p style="text-align: right;">[Answer] The Statue of a Girl of Peace</p> <p>【Explanation】 The first Statue of a Girl of Peace was erected by the Korean Council for Women Drafted into Military Sexual Slavery by Japan in front of the Japanese Embassy in Korea on December 14, 2011 on the occasion of the 1,000th Wednesday demonstration. The statue was created by an artist couple, Kim Un-seong and Kim Seo-gyeong, and was funded by public donations.</p>